Munin Conference on Scholarly Publishing

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Testing Open Peer Review (OPR) for Conferences

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https://github.com/mthz/hotcrp

With Content Taken from OpenUP D3.4 by Edit Görögh et al



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Why Use Peer Reviews?

- Part of the Scientific Communication (>1945!)
 - Content is submitted for publication (e.g. a journal or a conference)
 - Scientific peers review to check for flaws and novelty
 - Decision based on the peer review
- Quality Control
 - Prevent errors and plagiarism
 - Crucial for integrity and reputation of publisher
 - Help scientists pre-filter and focus
- Access Control?
 - Implications for scientific career







Traditional Peer Review Flawed?

- Single / Double Blind
 - Reviewer's identity is hidden
 - No accountability for bad quality reviews
 - No visibility for reviewer's work / quality
 - Ghost-writing of reviews very common
- Editors have to hand-pick reviewers
 - Exponential growth in submissions
 - Only limit number of reviewers available
- Process is hidden from authors
 - Appointment and management of review is hidden
 - Decisions for acceptance / rejection are unclear



Opening up Peer Review

aaaaa Open Report



Open Identity



Open platforms

arXiv.org

Open Pre-review







Open Final-version Comments

Ross-Hellauer, T. (2017) "What is open peer review? A systematic review"

Detail OPR Features (1)

- Open Identity:
 - Authors and reviewers are aware of each other's identity
 - Single/double-blind phase(s) can precede the final round & release of identities
- Open Participation:
 - A larger community is involved in the reviews
 - Inclusion of "layman" reviewers vs. "expert" reviewers
- Open Interaction:
 - Direct discussions between authors and reviewers







Detail OPR Features (2)

• Open Final-version Comments:

- Public discussions after the verdict
- Discussions after the conference / publication
- Opens up chance for better errata
- Open Pre-review
 - Publicize content / pre-print version before review
- Open Report:
 - Review report is published alongside the publication
- Open Platforms:
 - Decouple review from publication (2 platforms)









Meet H2020 Project <a>SpenUP

- New Methods, Indicators and Tools for
 - Peer review
 - Dissemination of research results
 - Impact measurement
- Goal 1: Interaction
 - Directly involve Scientific Community
 - Multiple Pilot Studies to gather real-world feedback
- Goal 2: Tangible Results
 - https://www.openuphub.eu/
 - Policy Recommendation for European Commission







European Commission

Testing OPR Aspects: Two Venues

• EMVA Forum 2017

- European Machine Vision Forum
- Application-oriented research
- Foster cooperation between industry and academic institutes
- About 100 participants
- eHealth2018 Conference
 - Health Informatics meets eHealth
 - Improve the quality and efficiency of health care
 - About 300 participants





Setup 1: EMVA Forum

- Submissions for Oral Presentations (13)
 - After submission deadline: all conference attendees can see submissions and discuss with authors; all identities are open
 - Expert reviewers assigned by program chair -> one paragraph of comments instead of structured review
- Public Voting for the Ten Best Submissions
 - Each program committee member got ten votes
 - Each conference attendee gets four votes
 - Public final voting results
 - First ten submissions got oral presentation spot
- Discussions after conference-ending in CMS
 - All data visible to the general public



Open Report



Preparations: eHealth2018

- Reservations after Initial Agreement
 - Fear of loosing reviewer's trust
 - Fear of loosing publisher for proceedings



- Compromise: Best Master Paper Contest
 - Small subset of participants (15 expected, six received)
 - Students at the start of scientific career
 - Selected reviewers interested in OPR
 - Proceedings publisher was asked: no problems with the new process

Setup 2: eHealth2018

- First review Phase Classic:
 - Single-Blind [with a twist ;)]
 - Program chair appointed expert reviewers
- Author's Decision Based on first Review:
 - Remain in the competition (reveals content & identities)
 - Withdraw submission (no disclosures)
- Second Review Phase:
 - Each author was assigned to do <u>two lay-man</u> <u>reviews</u> of his competitors
 - All previous and new discussions & identities visible to all participants of the competition
- Program committee issued final ranking







The Right Tool for the Job: CMS

- Classic Conference Management Software
 - Submission
 - Review assignment
 - Review viewing and editing
 - Rebuttal / multiple rounds of reviewing
 - Voting / decision process
 - Decision publication
 - Gather final version
- Today: Web-Applications



Supporting OPR in CMS

- Existing Solutions not Flexible Enough
 - Novel concepts of pilots not present
 - Closed-source / commercial software not changeable
- New branch of OPR Open Source SW
 - Initial SotA study for existing open source CMS
 - We chose HotCRP:
 - many features implemented
 - relative easy to modify
 - active community
 - BSD-like license
 - All needed concepts for both pilots were added



Feedback EMVA (19 of 22)

• High Acceptance of OPR:

- Clearness of execution and implementation/CMS interface: 94% strongly agree
- Acceptance of OPR (review phase): 100% strongly agree
- Acceptance of OPR (voting phase): 88% strongly agree
- Overall acceptance of OPR approach, would support again: 94% strongly agree
- Biggest Concern:
 - Open identity skewed feedback towards too much positivity: 69% agreed



Feedback eHealth2018 (6 of 15)

• OPR Was Well Accepted:

- Clearness of execution and implementation/CMS interface: 83% agree
- Acceptance of OPR (lay-man reviews): 50% strongly agree
- Acceptance of OPR (open identity): 67% strongly agree
- Overall acceptance of OPR approach, would support again:
 83% strongly agree
- Biggest Concern:
 - Open identity skewed feedback towards too much positivity: 17% agreed



Qualitative Feedback

• Positive:

- Less effort (one paragraph vs. full reviews)
- Include all authors in the voting

• Negative:

- Whitewashed reviews due to non-anonymity
- Backlash for critical reviews
- Lay-man review could make the reviewer look bad
- Lay-man review offers too little value for the time invested





Summary & Outlook

• Testing OPR still difficult

- Many fears associated with Open Identity (loose expert reviewers)
- Organizers feared that new process will void publisher agreements
- Actual publisher had no issues -> just ask beforehand
- OPR was in general very well received
 - Strong acceptance
 - Most would support OPR process again
- Many ways to improve traditional peer review
 - Choose mix you feel comfortable with
 - Make first round double-blind
 - Allow for retraction of submission while in double-blind mode
- OPR branch of CMS
 - Freely available, continues as open source software



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Thank You!

Open Source Release of our OPR CMS branch: <u>https://github.com/mthz/hotcrp</u> Contact: <u>oliver.zendel@ait.ac.at</u>



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