



CAGE - Centre for Arctic Gas Hydrate Environment and Climate Report Series, Volume 1 (2013)

To be cited as: Andreassen, K. (2023). CAGE13-6 Cruise Report: Marine Geological Cruise to Storfjordrenna and Bjørnøyrenna. *CAGE - Centre for Arctic Gas Hydrate Environment and Climate Report Series, Volume 1*.

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.7557/cage.6851>

Additional info at: <https://septentrio.uit.no/index.php/cage/database>

© The authors. This report is licensed under the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License (<https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>)

ISSN: 2703-9625

Publisher: Septentrio Academic Publishing Tromsø Norway

CRUISE REPORT

Marine Geological Cruise to Storfjordrenna and Bjørnøyrenna

R/V Helmer Hanssen 28th July – 4th August, 2013



Department of Geology
University of Tromsø
N-9037 Tromsø, Norway

1. Introduction and scientific objectives

The cruise was part of the GlaciBar (Glaciations in the Barents Sea Area) project (PetroMaks project funded by The Norwegian Research Council, Statoil, Det Norske and BG Norway) and the recently funded Center of Excellence for Gas Hydrate Environments and Climate (CAGE) (funded by The Norwegian Research Council)

The objectives of this cruise were:

- Examine and map marine features connected to the last deglaciation of the Svalbard/Barents Sea Ice Sheet (SBIS) in the northwestern part of the Barents Sea, within the Storfjordrenna, south of Spitsbergen.
- Mapping spatial distribution of glacial rafts in the central Barents Sea.
- Map and study the field of depressions/craters in the central Barents Sea, which are linked to gas hydrate eruptions following the deglaciation of the region.
- Perform coring in order to improve 1) the postglacial chronology and 2) understanding of the dynamics related to the deglaciation of the Barents Sea area.
- Perform subsampling of free “head.space” gas for further geochemical studies within sediment cores.

2. Cruise participants

Karin Andreassen, Prof. University of Tromsø (Cruise leader; Sh1)

Steiner Iversen, Engineer University of Tromsø (Sh1)

Anoop Mohanan Nair, Engineer University of Tromsø (Sh2)

Steffen Aagaard Sørensen, PostDoc University of Tromsø (Sh1)

Katharina Streuff, Research assistant University of Tromsø (Sh2)

Eythor Gudlaugsson, PhD Student University of Tromsø (Sh1)

Mariana Esteves, PhD Student University of Tromsø (Sh2)

Denise Rüter, Ass. Prof. Sogn og Fjordane University College (Sh2)

Brit Vatne, Bachelor student Sogn og Fjordane University College (Sh2)

Tove Knutsen, Bachelor student Sogn og Fjordane University College (Sh2)

Monica Hultiin, Bachelor student Sogn og Fjordane University College (Sh2)

Øyvind Hole, Bachelor student Sogn og Fjordane University College (Sh2)

Aslak Bøygard, Bachelor student Sogn og Fjordane University College (Sh2)

Are Hoff, Bachelor student Sogn og Fjordane University College (Sh2)

Gregory Akhmanov, Ass. Prof. Moscow State University (Sh1)

Anna Yurchenko, PhD student Moscow State University (Sh1)

Anastasia Fokina, Master Student Moscow State University (Sh1)

Dina Giliazetdinova, Master student Moscow State University (Sh1)

Dmitry Korost, Senior Researcher Moscow State University (Sh1)

Nikolai Kozupitca, Bachelor student Moscow State University (Sh1)

Shifts

Sh1 = Shift 1: working 08:00-14:00 and 20:00-02:00 Sh2

= Shift 2: working 14:00-20:00 and 02:00-08:00

3. Equipment

3.1 Subbottom Profiler (Chirp)

A X-STAR Full Spectrum Sonar is a versatile wideband FM sub-bottom profiler that generates cross-sectional images of the seabed and collects digital normal incidence reflection data over many frequency ranges. X-STAR transmits an FM pulse that is linearly swept over a full spectrum frequency range (also called “chirp pulse”).

The chirp system comprises of a hull-mounted 4 x 4 transducer array operated at an energy level of 4 kW and at a shot rate of 1 s. The signal lasts 40 ms, starts at 1.5 kHz and end at 9 kHz. The system can operate in up to 8000 m of water. The penetration depth depends on the sediment type/thickness, it can be up to 80 m in soft clay.

During this cruise, we image the morphology of the ocean floor and its shallow sub-bottom sedimentary layers and structures using the subbottom profiler. This can be used for deciding the location from where to extract the gravity cores.

3.2 Multibeam Echosounder

In the hull of R/V Helmer Hansen has been installed a Kongsberg Simrad EM 300 multi-beam echo sounder. The multi-beam system measures the two-way travel time that a sound wave initiated by a transmitter needs to reach the sea floor and come back. These waves have a frequency of 30 kHz, which is too high to penetrate the seafloor sediments, but gives a high resolution for a bathymetric map.

A number of piezo-electric transmitters, mounted in the hull, transmit 135 beams producing a fan arc, perpendicular to the ship track. Each beam has a width as narrow as one vertical degree by one horizontal degree.

The swath width, dependent on seabed sediments, in shallow water (<500 m) is typically 4 times the water depth. Down to 2000 m, a swath width of 4-5 km is common. The maximum width is 5000 m. The swath width, dependent on seabed sediments, in shallow water (<500 m) is typically 4 times the water depth. Down to 2000 m, a swath width of 4-5 km is common. The maximum width is 5000 m. The multibeam system has been used to map the seafloor morphology and its acoustic backscatter.

We have to take into account that the amplitudes recorded are slightly attenuated (~6 dB) because of protective housing installed around the hardware to avoid damage of ice contact. The outer beams of the EM300 swath can be of low quality, due to speed and signal reception errors because of the great travel distance, large propagation angle and low angle of reflection. That is why we usually have an overlap of 7-25% between the connecting lines. Ship turns also produce unevenly spaced swaths and so, data logging is normally paused during turns.

Once data have been acquired, we used programs such as, Neptune, Fledermaus and ArcGIS to visualize, clean, filter and process them.

3.3 CTD

CTD (Conductivity, Temperature, Depth) sensors measure or evaluate the physical properties of seawater. In addition to measuring the conductivity, temperature and pressure (from which depth is calculated), the CTD sensors can measure or calculate salinity of seawater, density, P-wave velocity, turbidity, fluorescence/chlorophyll, and oxygen content. Furthermore, it is possible to collect water samples from any depth of choice.

R/V Helmer Hanssen uses SBE 9plus CTD for producing vertical profiles of seawater properties (Fig. 3.3.1). A winch is used to lower the CTD system into the water. The SBE 9plus CTD can measure physical properties of the seawater from up to eight auxiliary sensors, in marine or fresh-water environments at depths up to 6000 meters. However, the winch wire length limits CTD measurements to approximately 3200 meters. The CTD sensors record data at a rate of 24 samples per second. The 9plus system uses the modular SBE 3plus temperature sensor, SBE 4C conductivity sensor, SBE 5T submersible pump, and TC duct. The submersible pump pumps water along the sensor to measure the conductivity. The TC duct makes sure that temperature and conductivity are measured on the same parcel of water. If required, 12 water bottles can be attached to the CTD instrument set up to collect the water samples from any depth.

A single conductor cable supplies the power to the system and transmits data from and to the CTD system real time.

During our cruise, we used the sound velocity profiles from different CTD stations to calibrate depth calculations in the swath bathymetry data.

3.4 2D Reflection Seismic

The 2D reflection seismic method is widely used to study deeper subsurface which cannot be easily studied by other methods. It uses the acoustic energy reflected by various lithological interfaces to obtain an image of the subsurface geology, which can then be interpreted. A reflection seismic survey typically involves generating seismic events or shots, using various methods, at different locations and recording the reflected waves using sensors or receivers. The sensors convert the ground motion, resulting from the seismic event, to electric voltage which is then recorded.

The major components of a 2D marine reflection survey are the seismic source and the streamer, which houses the receivers/sensors.

Source: During this cruise we used mini GI (Generator-Injector) air gun as the seismic source. It is especially suited for high resolution surveys. The air gun generates seismic waves by releasing compressed air in to the water. The total volume of the gun is 30 in³ and is operated in the harmonic mode (e.g., Marine Sources, Sercel), i.e., 15 in³ each for generator and injector. This generates a high frequency signal which is suited to studying shallow subsurface in detail, which is the region of interest in our studies. A compressor is used to supply air at high pressure (maximum of 210 bars) to the air gun.

Streamer: In marine surveys, the seismic receivers or hydrophones are enclosed in oil -filled tube known as the streamer. The streamer used during this cruise is 16m long with one channel consisting of 20 sensors (piezoelectric material) spread over 6 meters (active section). The streamer is manufactured by Fjord Instruments.

Operation: The streamer is towed at a distance of 64 meters behind the ship. The mini-GI gun is towed at a distance of 32 meters behind the ship, at a depth of 2 meters below mean sea level and is fired every 3 seconds at 160 bar air pressure. The ship speed is maintained at 4 knots per hour. The data collected in the streamer is analog and converted to digital by the Fjord Instruments system and the software Delphseismic, which also provides a real-time display of acquired data.

3.5 Coring

Coring is the primary tool for ground truthing, studying sediment types, paleontology, and paleo-climate. R/V Helmer Hanssen has a piston corer, box corer, multi corer and a gravity corer. During our cruise we used only gravity corer for sampling sediments. The gravity corer onboard Helmer Hanssen consists of a 6m long iron barrel with iron weights attached on top of it. The whole apparatus weigh close to 2 tons. The gravity corer has an inner diameter of 11cm. A plastic liner with outer diameter of 11cm and inner diameter of 10.2 cm is inserted in to the iron barrel. During the coring operation, a core catcher and core cutter is attached to the lower end of the gravity corer. Core catcher keeps the sediments from falling out of the core, whereas core cutter helps the penetration of the core in to the sediments.

The gravity corer lies on a rail, which, during operation, is lifted vertically and the gravity corer is lowered to around 20m away from the seabed using a winch. When at the chosen core location the gravity corer is then dropped. The winch has a wire length of 2900 meters. When the gravity corer is lifted from the seabed and is brought to deck, the core catcher and core cutter are sampled first, if there are sediments present in them. Then, the plastic liner is taken out, cleaned, cut to 1 meter sections, labeled and stored in a cold room.

Some of the cores were split in the lab onboard and sediment samples were taken for degasation sampling. Core logs are also prepared. These samples can be used for various types of gas analysis and various other sedimentological analyses.

3.6 Single Beam Echo sounder

Single beam echo sounders are common among all types of ships. Their primary purpose is to estimate the depth of the seafloor. In a single beam echo sounder, the transducer projects a sound pulse through water in a controlled direction and the reflected wave is received. The depth is calculated from the travel time of the sound pulse. R/V Helmer Hanssen has a keelmounted Simrad EK 60 single beam echo sounder with transducers at three different frequencies, 18 KHz, 38 KHz and 120 KHz. The 18 KHz transducer can be used for depths up to 10 km whereas 38 KHz and 120 KHz can only be used for depths up to 2 km and 500m respectively.

The single beam echo sounder can also be used for detecting gas leakages from the seafloor using 18KHz and 38KHz transducers.

3.7 Gas Sampling

Gas from sediments at different depths was collected for further determination of molecular and isotopic composition of hydrocarbon (HC) gases, using “head-space” technique. 40 ml of sediment was taken from each 15-20 cm of the core, according to lithological characteristics, using a syringe. The sediment was put into bottles (120 ml), filled with distilled water (50 ml). Thus, 30 ml of each bottle was left for free gas from the sediment.

By shaking the bottles, the sediment was mechanically broken down to obtain equilibrium in the system “sediment-water-gas”. Afterwards the free gas was collected into 20 ml vials, filled with concentrated salt dissolution (NaCl). Collected gas was stored in upturned vials for further analyses in the laboratories of the Department of Petroleum Geology and Geochemistry of the Faculty of Geology of the Moscow State University.

4. Cruise narrative

Sunday 28th July

Departure from Longyearbyen around 19:20 and begin transit to first study location in Storfjordrenna. Wind speed between 0-1 m/s, temp 6-7 degrees.

Monday 29th July

Arrive to Storfjordrenna and initiate new multibeam and chirp line project. Survey Storfjordrenna with multibeam and chirp all day. Decide on core locations for Tuesday. Weather is consistent and calm, with wind speeds of 5m/s and temp only ranging between 5-7 degrees.

Tuesday 30th July

Continue surveying in Storfjordrenna with the multibeam and chirp lines. Recover six gravity cores throughout the day. Wind 8-11m/s, temp ~6 degrees. Initiate transit from Storfjordrenna to Bjørnøyrenna.

Wednesday 31st July

Arrived to upper Bjørnøyrenna and began to survey the large craters in this area using multibeam and chirp lines, as well as, using the single beam echo sounder to detect any flares. Wind 9 m/s, temp 8-9 degrees. Several flares found and various potential core sites suitable to gain further information about the composition of the craters and flares were marked.

Thursday 1st August

We undertook several seismic lines over the craters and flare fields in upper Bjørnøyrenna in order to gain a better overview of the subsurface sediment properties of our core locations. A total of 20 cores were collected from several locations in this area. The majority of the cores did not recover any sediment samples other than a small quantity which was trapped in the core catcher most likely bedrock or very stiff till. However, the few cores that did recover some sediment were split and prepared for the degazation analysis. Following the coring we moved into a new location further up the Bjørnøyrenna trough to survey with the multibeam and chirp lines the potential glacial raft chains. A further two core sites were chosen. By the end of the day, wind speeds picked up to 11/12 m/s, temp 9-10 degrees.

Friday 2nd August

Whilst still in the glacial rafts location, two gravity cores were taken; however, both contained very little sediment. Following this, we then moved back to the crater locations to continue with more multibeam and chirp line surveys. Weather still a bit unsteady, wind 8-10 m/s, temp ~9 degrees.

Saturday 3rd August

Further multibeam and chirp line surveys at crater field. Transit to Tromsø while doing multibeam and chirp line surveys along the route initiated at ca. 10 o'clock. Wind 5-9 m/s, temp ~10 degrees.

Sunday 4th August

Transit to Tromsø. Arrival at ca. 1 o'clock at night. Refueling at ca. 9 o'clock. Wind 9-11 m/s, temp ~12 degrees.

5. Ship tracks and study areas

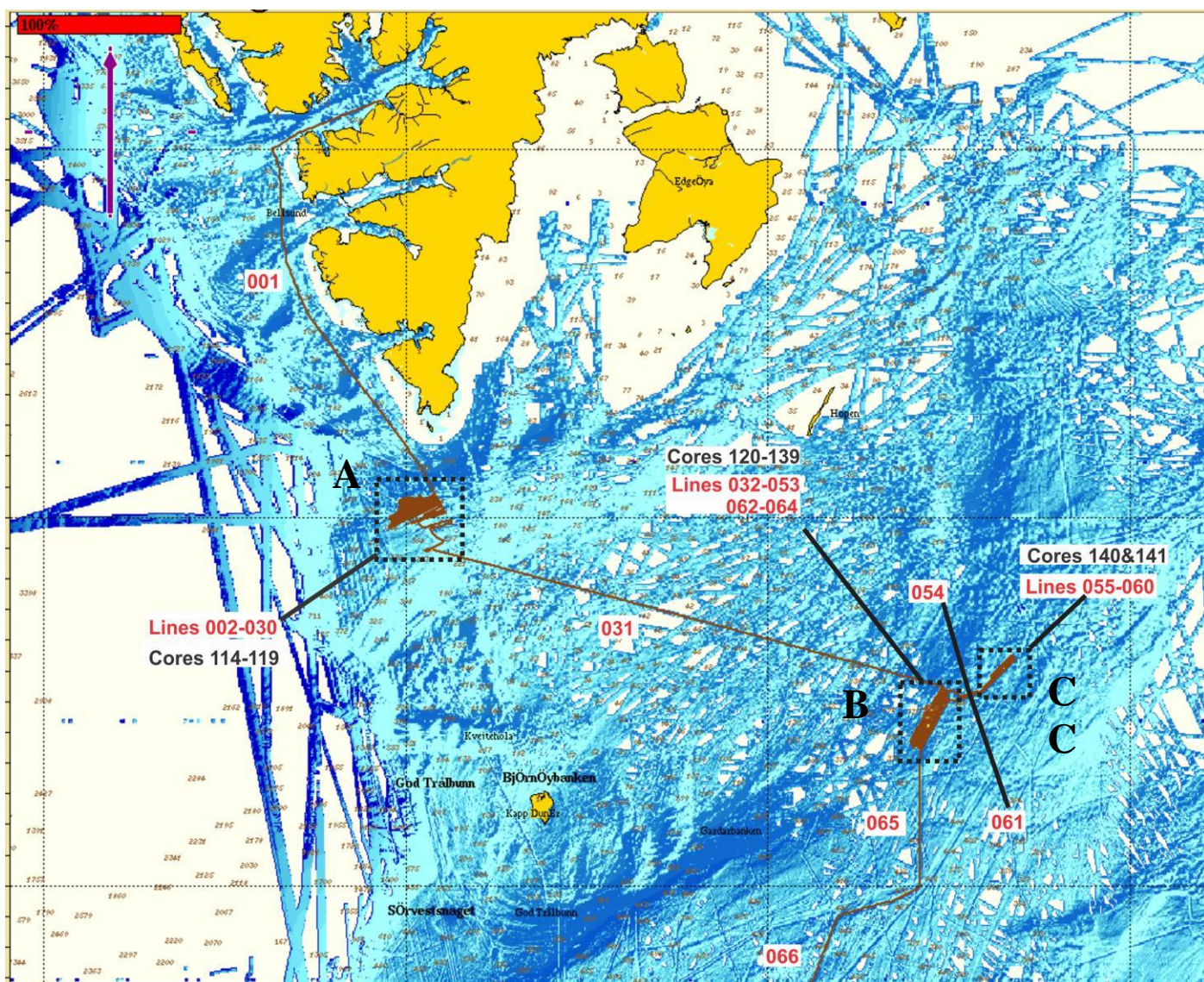


Figure 1. Overview map of ship tracks, coring and chirp line areas (A: Storfjordrenna; B: Crater area; C: Glacial Rafts area)

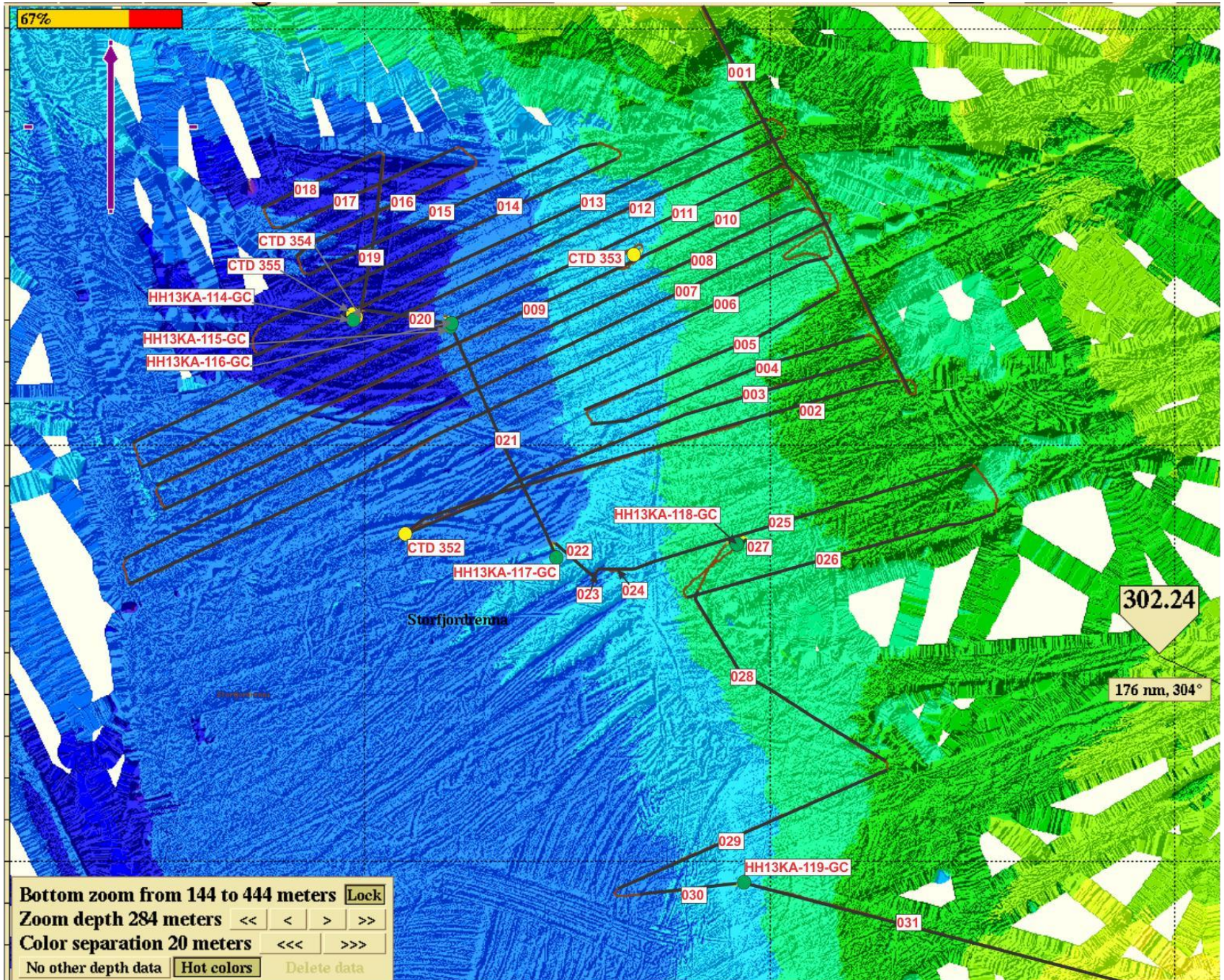


Figure 2. Zoom in on area A (Fig. 1) with chirp lines, core and CTD locations (Storfjordrenna).

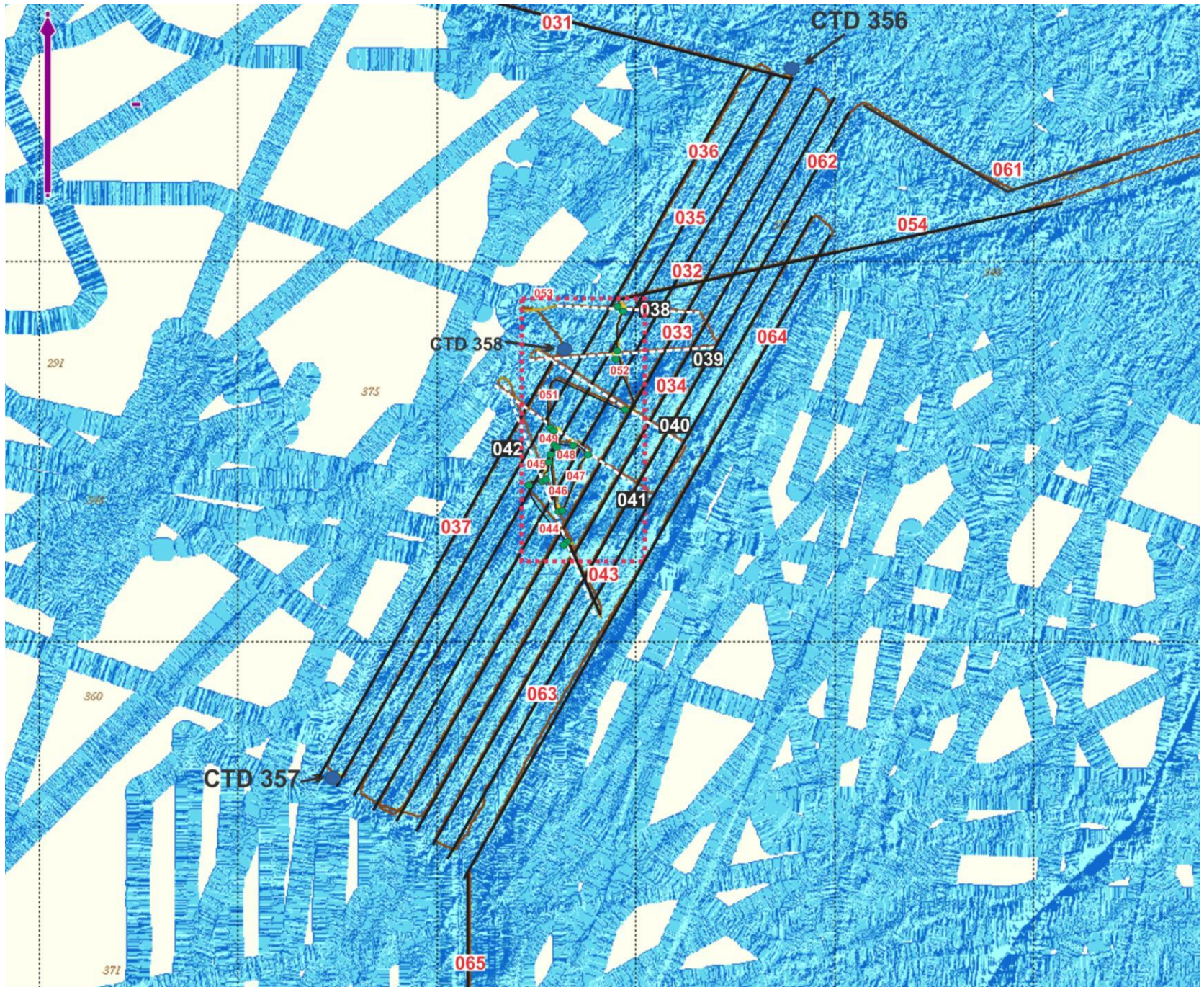


Figure 3. Zoom in on area B (Fig. 1) with chirp lines, core and CTD locations (Crater area, Bjørnøyrenna). Red dotted rectangle indicates coring area (See Fig. 4.)

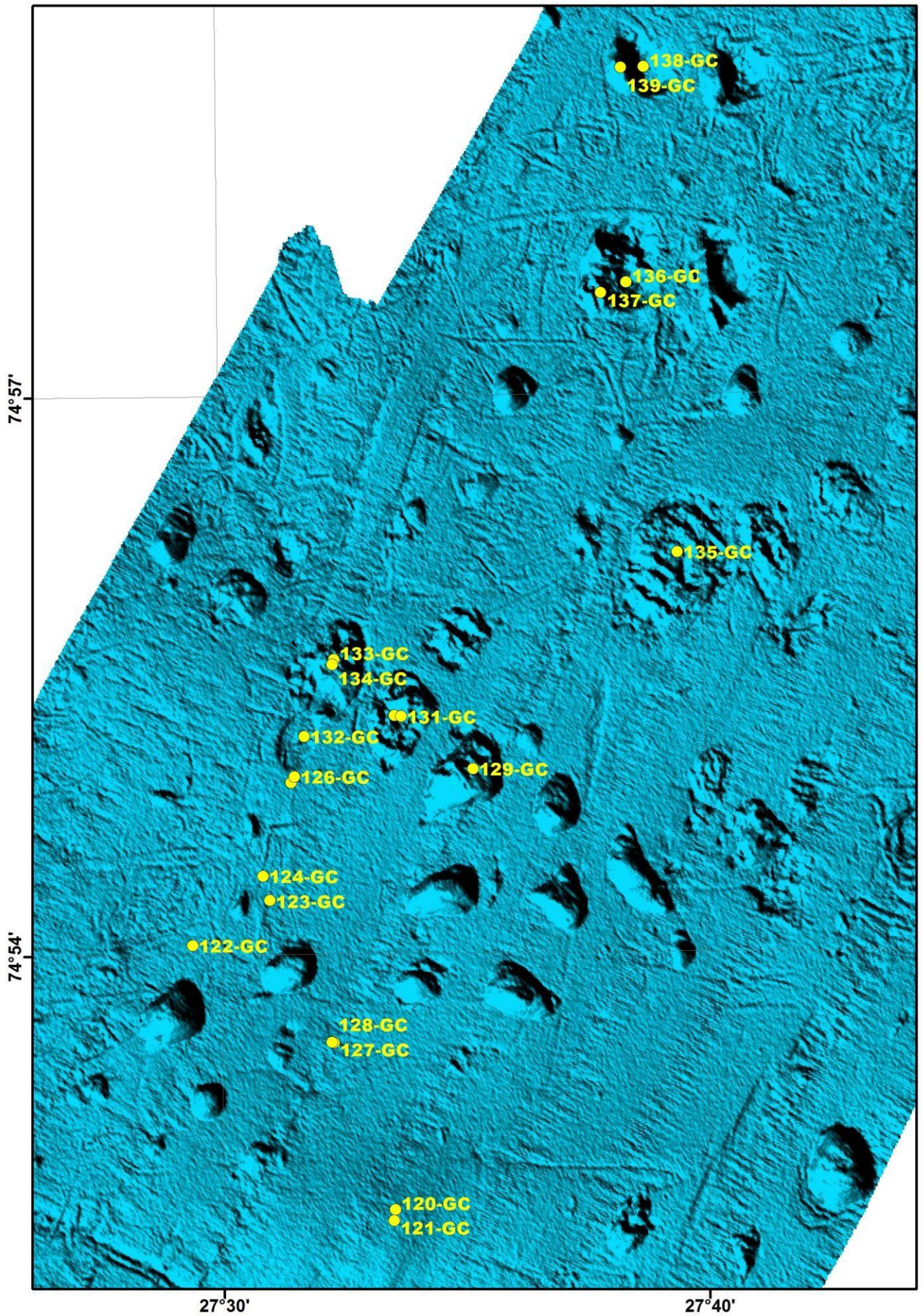


Figure 4. Zoom in on coring area (See Fig. 3) with core locations (Crater area,

Bjørnøyrenna).

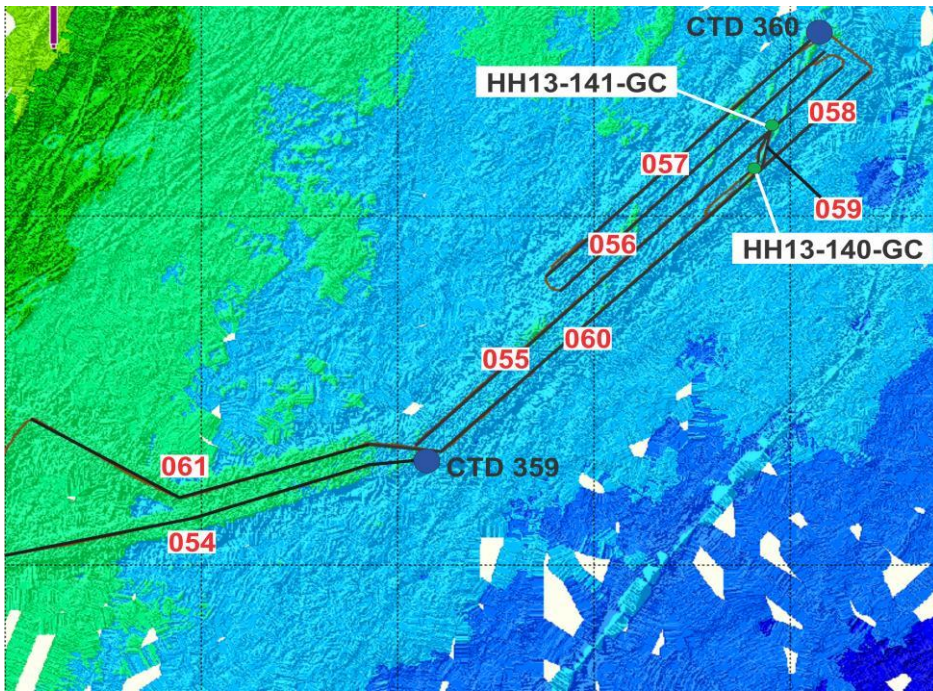


Figure 5. Zoom in on area C (Fig. 1) with chirp lines, core and CTD locations (Glacial Rafts area, Bjørnøyrenna).

6. Logs, cores and preliminary results of the bottom sampling

6.1. Eventlog on RV Helmer Hanssen July 28-4 August. 2013 Storfjordrenna, Bjørnøyrenna

Core location numbering starting on HH13-114- GC, following the numbering on the bridge of 'other stations' and CTD station numbering starts at 352, following the CTD numbering on the bridge. Use UTC time (2 hrs after local time)

Date	UTC	Position	Event
28/7	19:20 UTC		Departure from Longyearbyen. Wind ca 0-1 m/s, temp 6-7 degrees
29/7	07:55 UTC	76°20.886N 16°08.059E	End old project (G8144-3144)multibeam Storfjorden
29/7	08:08 UTC	76°19.020N 16°13.592E	Start new project (HH13KA) Start Multibeam 0000
29/7	08:42 UTC	76°14.019N 16°25.738E	Stop Multibeam 0001
29/7	08:42 UTC	76°14.019N 16°25.738E	Start Multibeam 0002 and Chirp Line HH13KA-001 Storfjordrenna
29/7	10:11 UTC	76°01.232N 16°53.771E	End Multibeam and Chirp Line HH13KA-001 Storfjordrenna
29/7	10:15 UTC	76°01.558N 16°53.630E	Start Multibeam 0008 and Chirp Line HH13KA-002 Storfjordrenna. Wind 5m/s, temp 5.5 degrees
29/7	11:31 UTC	75°58.199N 16°05.895E	End Multibeam and Chirp Line HH13KA-002 Storfjordrenna
29/7	11:34 UTC	75°57.866 N 16°04.353 E	CTD station 352
29/7	12:10 UTC	75°58.368 N 16°08.700 E	Start Multibeam 0013 and Chirp Line HH13KA-003, Wind 4 m/s, temp. 7 degrees
29/7	13:17 UTC	76°02.107N 16°51.063E	End Multibeam and Chirp Line HH13KA-003 Storfjordrenna
29/7	13:23 UTC	76°02.599N 16°49.261E	Start Multibeam 0017 and Chirp Line HH13KA-004 Storfjordrenna. Wind 5m/s, temp 5.5 degrees
29/7	13:58 UTC	76 °00 °594N 16°25.756E	End Multibeam and Chirp line HH13KA-004
29/7	14: 07UTC	76 °00.955N 16°23.108E	Start Multibeam 0020 and Chirp Line HH13KA-005, Storfjordrenna. Wind 3-4m/s, temp 7.3 degrees
29/7	14:44 UTC	76 °03.666N 16°46.641E	End Multibeam and chirp line HH13KA-005
29/7	15:10 UTC	76 °04.458N 16°44.475E	Start Multibeam 0023 and Chirp Line HH13KA-006, Storfjordrenna. Wind 4m/s, temp 7 degrees
29/7	16:53 UTC	75 °56.695N 15°37.168E	End Multibeam and chirp line HH13KA-006
29/7	16:59 UTC	75 °57.405N 15°37.247E	Start Multibeam 0028 and Chirp Line HH13KA-007, Storfjordrenna. Wind 4-5m/s, temp 7 degrees
29/7	18:46 UTC	76 ° 05.293 N 16 ° 45.282 E	End Multibeam and chirp line HH13KA-007

29/7	18:51 UTC	76 ° 05.665N 16 ° 43.671E	Start Multibeam 0033 and Chirp Line HH13KA-008, Storfjordrenna. Wind 5m/s, temp 6 degrees
29/7	20:30 UTC	75 ° 58.682N 15°42.198E	End Multibeam and chirp line HH13KA-008
29/7	20:38 UTC	75 ° 59.136N 15°40.576E	Start Multibeam 0038 and Chirp Line HH13KA-009, Storfjordrenna. Wind 6m/s, temp 6 degrees
29/7	21:48 UTC	76 °04.463N 16 °26.910E	End Multibeam and chirp line HH13KA-009
29/7	21:48 UTC	76 °04.463N 16 °26.910E	CTD station 353
29/7	22:19 UTC	76 °04.360N 16 °26.363E	Start Multibeam 0043 and Chirp Line HH13KA-010, Storfjordrenna. Wind 6m/s, temp 5 degrees
29/7	22:43 UTC	76 °06.213N 16 °42.167E	End Multibeam and chirp line HH13KA-010
29/7	22:46 UTC	76 °06.672N 16 °41.585E	Start Multibeam 0045 and Chirp Line HH13KA-011, Storfjordrenna. Wind 5m/s, temp 5 degrees
29/7	00:30 UTC	75 °59.511N 15 °38.452E	End Multibeam and chirp line HH13KA-011
29/7	00:37 UTC	76 °00.219N 15 °38.256E	Start Multibeam 0050 and Chirp Line HH13KA-012, Storfjordrenna. Wind 6m/s, temp 5.5 degrees
29/7	02:01 UTC	76 °06.488N 16 °33.245E	Crash singlebeam echosounder
30/7	02:14 UTC	76 ° 07411N 16 ° 41377E	End Multibeam and chirp line HH13KA-012
30/7	02:18 UTC	76 ° 07.819N 16 ° 40.017E	Start Multibeam 0055 and Chirp Line HH13KA-013, Storfjordrenna. Wind 6/7m/s, temp 4.5 degrees
30/7	03:36 UTC	76 ° 02.212N 15 ° 49.833E	End Multibeam and chirp line HH13KA-013
30/7	03:39 UTC	76 °02.593N 15° 49.031E	Start Multibeam 0059 and Chirp Line HH13KA-014, Storfjordrenna. Wind 9m/s, temp 5.5 degrees
30/7	04:38 UTC	76 ° 06.904N 16 ° 25.16.6	End Multibeam and chirp line HH13KA-014
30/7	04:44 UTC	76 °07.183N 16 °21.758E	Start Multibeam 0062 and Chirp Line HH13KA-015, Storfjordrenna. Wind 9 m/s, temp 5.3 degrees
30/7	05:28 UTC	76 °04.124N 15 °54.104E	End Multibeam and chirp line HH13KA-015
30/7	05:32 UTC	76 °04.699N 15 °54.075E	Start Multibeam 0065 and Chirp Line HH13KA-0016, Storfjordrenna. Wind 8.7 m/s, temp 5.1 degrees
30/7	06:02 UTC	76 °07.075N 16 °09.050E	Start Multibeam 0067 and Chirp Line HH13KA-0017, Storfjordrenna. Wind 8.1 m/s, temp 5.6 degrees
30/7	06:29 UTC	76 °05.213N 15 °51.790E	End Multibeam and chirp line HH13KA-017
30/7	06:33 UTC	76 °05.601N 15 °46.319E	Start Multibeam 0069 and Chirp Line HH13KA-0018, Storfjordrenna. Wind 8.0 m/s, temp 5.3 degrees
30/7	06:54 UTC	76 °05.697N 16 °01.902E	End Multibeam and chirp line HH13KA-018
30/7	06:56 UTC	76 °06.681 N 16 °01.881 E	Start Multibeam 0073 and Chirp Line HH13KA-0019, Storfjordrenna. Wind 8.0 m/s, temp 5.3 degrees
30/7	07:22 UTC	76 °03.081N 15 °59.597E	End Multibeam and chirp line HH13KA-019

30/7	07:23 UTC	76 °03.065N 15 °59.773E	Start CTD station 354
30/7	07:36 UTC	76 °03.227N 15 °59.450E	Start CTD station 355
30/7	07:54 UTC	76 °03.036N 15 °59.522E	Core station HH13KA-114-GC Storfjordrenna
30/7	08:06 UTC	76 °03.209N 16 °00.627E	Start Multibeam 0077 and Chirp Line HH13KA-0020, Storfjordrenna. Wind 9 m/s, temp 6 degrees
30/7	08:25 UTC	76 °02.899N 16 °08.511E	End Multibeam and chirp line HH13KA-020
30/7	08:33 UTC	76 °02.988N 16 °08.851E	Core station HH13KA-115-GC Storfjordrenna
30/7	08:58 UTC	76 °03.036N 16 °08.406E	Core station HH13KA-116-GC Storfjordrenna
30/7	09:14 UTC	76 °03.058N 16 °08.196E	Start Multibeam 0080 and Chirp Line HH13KA-0021, Storfjordrenna. Wind 10 m/s, temp 6 degrees
30/7	09:58 UTC	75 °57.248N 16 °19.087E	End Multibeam and Chirp line HH13KA-021
30/7	10:04 UTC	75 °57.326N 16 °19.151E	Core station HH13KA-117-GC Storfjordrenna
30/7	10:24 UTC	75 °57.672N 16 °18.669E	Start Multibeam 0084 and Chirp Line HH13KA-0022, Storfjordrenna. Wind 10.5 m/s, temp 6 degrees
30/7	10:34 UTC	75 °56.877N 16 °22.499E	End Multibeam and Chirp line HH13KA-022
30/7	10:34 UTC	75 °56.877N 16 °22.499E	Start Multibeam 0086 and Chirp Line HH13KA-0023, Storfjordrenna. Wind 8 m/s, temp 6 degrees
30/7	10:44 UTC	75 °57.023N 16 °23.138E	End Multibeam and Chirp line HH13KA-023
30/7	10:44 UTC	75 °57.023N 16 °23.138E	Start Multibeam 0088 and Chirp Line HH13KA-0024, Storfjordrenna.
30/7	10:50 UTC	75 °57.012N 16 °26.256E	End Multibeam and Chirp line HH13KA-024
30/7	10:50 UTC	75 °57.012N 16 °26.256E	Start Multibeam 0090 and Chirp Line HH13KA-0025, Storfjordrenna. Wind 11 m/s, temp 6 degrees
30/7	11:41 UTC	75 °59.521N 16 °59.868E	End Multibeam and Chirp line HH13KA-025
30/7	11:50 UTC	75 °58.339N 17 °02.127E	Start Multibeam 0093 and Chirp Line HH13KA-026, Storfjordrenna. Wind 9 m/s, temp 6 degrees
30/7	12:35 UTC	75 °56.348N 16 °32.177E	Stop Multibeam and Chirp line HH13KA-026
30/7	12:51 UTC	75 °57.723N 16 °37.727E	Start CTD station strnr0355
30/7	13:02 UTC	75 °57.782N 16 °37.458E	Stop CTD station strnr0355
30/7	13:08 UTC	75 °57.801N 16 °37.117E	Start Chirp line HH13KA-027 (core station HH13-118-GC), Storfjordrenna. Wind 9 m/s, temp. 6.5
30/7	13:19 UTC	75 °57.648N 16 °37.218E	Core station HH13KA-118-GC Storfjordrenna
30/7	13:26 UTC	75 °57.648N 16 °36.866E	Stop Chirp line HH13KA-027 (core station HH13-118-GC)

30/7	13:59 UTC	75 °56.537N 16 °32.995E	Start Chirp Line HH13KA-028, Storfjordrenna. Wind 10 m/s, temp 6.6 degrees (14:01 UTC Start Multibeam line 0096, 14:13 UTC line count Mulibeam 0098)
30/7	14:39 UTC	75 °52.349N 16 °51.678E	Stop Chirp line HH13KA-028
30/7	14:40 UTC	75 °52.188N 16 °51.466E	Start Multibeam 0100 and Chirp Line HH13KA-029, Storfjordrenna. Wind 7 m/s, temp 7 degrees
30/7	15:20 UTC	75 °49.330N 16 °24.330E	Stop Chirp line HH13KA-029

30/7	15:27 UTC	75 °49.245N 16 °28.437E	Start Multibeam 0100 and Chirp Line HH13KA-030 (core station HH13-119-GC), Storfjordrenna. Wind 8 m/s, temp 7 degrees
30/7	15:58 UTC	75 °49.428N 16 °37.152E	Core station HH13KA-119-GC Storfjordrenna
30/7	16:06 UTC	75 °49.496N 16 °37.176E	Stop Chirp line HH13KA-030
30/7	16:36 UTC	75 °49.444N 16 °38.317E	Start Multibeam 0105 and Chirp Line HH13KA-031, Transit. Wind 8 m/s, temp 7 degrees
31/7	09:44 UTC	75 °04.857N 27 °55.091E	End Multibeam and Chirp line HH13KA-031
31/7	09:45 UTC	75 °04.915N 27 °55.486E	Start CTD station 356
31/7	09:53 UTC	75 °04.970N 27 °55.654E	End CTD station 356
31/7	10:20 UTC	75 °05.172N 27 °56.092E	Start Multibeam 0143 and Chirp Line HH13KA-032. Wind 6 m/s, temp 9 degrees
31/7	12:32 UTC	74 °45.739N 27 °14.216E	End Multibeam and Chirp line HH13KA-032. Wind 6 m/s, temp 9 degrees
31/7	12:36 UTC	74 °45.553N 27 °16.181E	Start Multibeam 0149 and Chirp Line HH13KA-033. Wind 6 m/s, temp 9 degrees
31/7	14:50 UTC	75 °03.521N 27 °58.076E	End Multibeam and Chirp line HH13KA-033. Wind 9 m/s, temp 8 degrees
31/7	14:54 UTC	75 °04.089N 27 °59.438E	Start Multibeam 0155 and Chirp Line HH13KA-034. Wind 9 m/s, temp 9 degrees
31/7	16:59 UTC	74 °45.476N 27°18.672E	End Multibeam and Chirp line HH13KA-034. Wind 7 m/s, temp 9 degrees
31/7	17:13 UTC	74°46.436N 27°12.831E	Start Multibeam 0162 and Chirp Line HH13KA-035. Wind 9 m/s, temp 9 degrees
31/7	19:22 UTC	75 °04.871N 27 °53.578E	End Multibeam and Chirp line HH13KA-035. Bjørnøyrenna
31/7	19:27 UTC	75 °05.055N 27 °51.746E	Start Multibeam 0168 and Chirp Line HH13KA-036. Wind 9 m/s, temp 8 degrees
31/7	21:35 UTC	74°46.515N 27 °10.728E	End Multibeam and Chirp line HH13KA-036. Bjørnøyrenna
31/7	21:36 UTC	74° 46.482N 27 ° 10.345E	Start CTD station 357

31/7	21:56 UTC	74 °47.305N 26 °47.116E	Start Multibeam 0173 and Chirp Line HH13KA-037. Wind 12 m/s, temp 9 degrees
31/7	23:14 UTC	74°54.056N 27°35.27E	End Multibeam and Chirp line HH13KA-037. Bjørnøyrenna
31/7	23:24 UTC	74° 57.621N 27° 32.693E	start CTD station 358
1/8	00:07 UTC	74° 58.822N 27° 31.941E	Start Multibeam 0180 and Chirp Line HH13KA-038. Wind 11 m/s, temp 9 degrees
1/8	00:15 UTC	74° 58.814N 27° 34.307E	Start seismic line HH13KA-038 Wind 11 m/s, temp 9 degrees. dominant frequencies (100-550)
1/8	00:59 UTC	74 °58.687N 27 °46.410E	End Multibeam and Chirp line HH13KA-038. Bjørnøyrenna
1/8	01:15 UTC	74 ° 59.082N 27 ° 46.127E	Start Multibeam 0183 and Chirp Line HH13KA-039. Seismic Wind 11 m/s, temp 9 degrees

1/8	02:10 UTC	74 °57.443N 27 °29.803E	End Multibeam and Chirp line HH13KA-039. Bjørnøyrenna
1/8	02:19 UTC	74 ° 57.580N 27 ° 31.060E	Start Multibeam 0186 and Chirp Line HH13KA-040. Seismic Wind 12 m/s, temp 9 degrees
1/8	03:15 UTC	74 °55.234N 27 °44.878E	End Multibeam and Chirp line HH13KA-040. Bjørnøyrenna.
1/8	03:39 UTC	74 ° 54.042N 27 ° 41.048E	Start Multibeam 0189 and Chirp Line HH13KA-041. Seismic Wind 12 m/s, temp 10 degrees
1/8	04:39 UTC	74 ° 56.766N 27 ° 26.313E	End Multibeam and Chirp line HH13KA-041. Bjørnøyrenna
1/8	04:47 UTC	74 ° 56.736N 27 ° 27.482E	Start Multibeam 0192 and Chirp Line HH13KA-042. Seismic Wind 11 m/s, temp 10 degrees
1/8	06:05 UTC	74 ° 50.712N 27 ° 36.361E	End Seismic. End Multibeam 0195 and Chirp line HH13KA-042. Bjørnøyrenna
1/8	06:28 UTC	74 ° 50.712N 27 ° 26.313E	Start Multibeam 0196 and Chirp line HH13KA-043. Bjørnøyrenna. Transit to core station
1/8	06:46 UTC	74 ° 52.550N 27 ° 33.374E	End Multibeam and Chirp line HH13KA-043. Bjørnøyrenna
1/8	06:52 UTC	74 °52.626N 27 °33.533E	Core station HH13-120-GC empty
1/8	07:17 UTC	74 °52.566N 27 °33.507E	Core station HH13-121-GC empty
1/8	07:54 UTC	74 °54.053N 27 °29.400E	Core station HH13-122-GC almost empty Flare
1/8	08:11 UTC	74 ° 54.188N 27 ° 29.281E	Start Multibeam 0199 and Chirp line HH13KA-044. Bjørnøyrenna. Transit to core station HH13KA-123-GC
1/8	08:24 UTC	74 °54.294N 27 °30.993E	Core station HH13-123-GC Flare
1/8	08:30 UTC	74 ° 54.302N 27 ° 30.701E	End Multibeam and Chirp line HH13KA-044. Bjørnøyrenna. Transit and core station HH13KA-123-GC
1/8	08:38 UTC	74 ° 54.376N 27 ° 30.861E	Start Multibeam 0201 and Chirp line HH13KA-045. Bjørnøyrenna.

1/8	08:45 UTC	74 °54.424N 27 °30.861E	Core station HH13-124-GC Flare
1/8	09:00 - 09:12		Transit to core station HH13-125-GC
1/8	09:13	74 °54.926N 27 °31.454E	Stop pinging and logging Multibeam
1/8	09:14	74 °54.925N 27 °31.456E	Core station HH13-125-GC Flare
1/8	09:29	74 ° 55.011N 27 ° 31.635E	End Chirp line HH13KA-045. Bjørnøyrenna
1/8	09:31	74 ° 54.970N 27 ° 31.559E	Start Chirp line HH13KA-046. Bjørnøyrenna
1/8	09:37	74 °54.957N 27 °31.528E	Core station HH13-126-GC
1/8	09:53	74 °55.029N 27 °31.609E	Start transit to core station HH13-127-GC

1/8	10:09	74 °53.537N 27 °32.295E	End transit to core station HH13KA-127-GC
1/8	10:12	74 °53.525N 27 °32.294E	Core station HH13-127-GC Flare
1/8	10:33	74 °53.527N 27 °32.257E	Core station HH13-128-GC Flare
1/8	10:47	74 ° 53.523N 27 ° 32.483E	End Chirp line HH13KA-046
1/8	10:47	74 ° 53.523N 27 ° 32.483E	Start Chirp line HH13KA-047. Bjørnøyrenna. Transit to core station HH13KA-129-GC
1/8	11:02	74 ° 54.871N 27 ° 35.011E	End transit
1/8	11:09	74 °54.991N 27 °35.217E	Core station HH13-129-GC Crater
1/8	11:24	74 °55.255N 27 °34.436E	Transit to core station HH13-130-GC Another crater
1/8	11:36	74 °55.281N 27 °33.599E	Core station HH13-130-GC Crater
1/8	11:46	74 °55.345N 27 ° 33.488E	End Chirp line HH13KA-047
1/8	11:46	74 °55.345N 27 ° 33.488E	Start Chirp line HH13KA-048
1/8	12:03	74 °55.276N 27 °33.743E	Core station HH13-131-GC
1/8	12:13	74 °55.312N 27 °33.962E	End Chirp line HH13KA-048
1/8	12:29	74 °55.180N 27 °31.784E	Start Chirp line HH13KA-049
1/8	12:48	74 °55.173N 27 °31.734E	Core station HH13-132-GC

1/8	13:08	74 °55.441N 27 °32.109E	Start Chirp line HH13KA-050
1/8	13:32	74 °55.585N 27 °32.357E	Core station HH13-133-GC
1/8	13:53	74 ° 55.558N 27 ° 32.324E	Core station HH13-134-GC
1/8	14:07	74 °55.622N 27 °31.702E	End Chirp line HH13KA-050
1/8	14:08	74 °55.620N 27 °31.653E	Start Chirp line HH13KA-051
1/8	14:50	74 °56.148N 27 °39.477E	Core station HH13-135-GC
1/8	15:04	74 °56.152N 27 °39.521E	End Chirp line HH13KA-051
1/8	15:05	74 °56.116N 27 °39.890E	Start Chirp line HH13KA-052
1/8	15:37	74°57.601N 27°38.481E	Core station HH13-136-GC
1/8	16:08	74 °57.545N 27 °37.957E	Core station HH13-137-GC
1/8	16:16	75 °57.638N 27°38.286E	End Chirp line HH13KA-052

1/8	16:17	74 °57.664N 27°38.334E	Start Chirp line HH13KA-053
1/8	16:41	74 ° 58.757N 27 °38.886E	Core station HH13-138-GC
1/8	17:11	74 °58.754N 27°38.414 E	Core station HH13-139-GC
1/8	17:20	74 °58.853N 27°38.682E	End Chirp line HH13KA-053
1/8	17:32	74 °59.256N 27°42.365E	Start Chirp line HH13KA-054
1/8	17:56	75°00.107N 27 °57.429E	Start multibeam line 0203
1/8	19:05	75°03.017N 28°42.519E	End Multibeam and Chirp line HH13KA-054
1/8	19:10	75°02.956N 28°42.998E	Start CTD station 359
1/8	19:33	75°03.452N 28°41.933E	Start multibeam line 0206 Chirp line HH13KA-055
1/8	21:04	75°14.274N 29°25.320E	End Chirp line HH13KA-055
1/8	21:09	75°14.489N 29°23.398E	Start multibeam line 0211 Chirp line HH13KA-056
1/8	22:08	75 °07.917N 28°56.886	End Chirp line HH13KA-056

1/8	22:16	75 °08.484N 28°55.731E	Start multibeam line 0214 Chirp line HH13KA-057
1/8	23:11	75 °15.090 N 29°23.181E	End Chirp line HH13KA-057
1/8	23:13	75°15.086 N 29°23.383E	Start CTD station 0360
1/8	23:26	75°15.200 N 29°23.798E	End CTD station 0360
1/8	23:41	75°14.073 N 29°28.138E	Start multibeam line 0218 Chirp line HH13KA-058
2/8	00:18	75 °10.021N 29°11.624 E	End multibeam, end chirp line HH13KA-058
2/8	00:31	75°11.219 N 29°15.955E	Start chirp line HH13KA-059 (line across core locations)
2/8	00:50	75°11.344 N 29°16.430E	Core station HH13-140-GC
2/8	01:39	75°12.581N 29°18.186E	Core station HH13-141-GC
2/8	02:03	75 °11.311 N 29°16.798E	End Chirp Line HH13KA-059
2/8	02:03	75 °11.311 N 29°16.798E	Start chirp line HH13KA-060, start multibeam 0223
2/8	03:09	75 ° 03.255N 28 ° 44.084E	End multibeam, end chirp line HH13KA-060
2/8	03:12	75 ° 03.255N 28 ° 44.084E	Start chirp line HH13KA-061, start multibeam 0226 Wind 8 m/s, temp 9.3 degrees
2/8	04:20	75 ° 03.901N 28 ° 01.661E	End multibeam, end chirp line HH13KA-061
2/8	04:20	75 ° 03.901N 28 ° 01.661E	Start chirp line HH13KA-062, start multibeam 0229 Wind 10 m/s, temp 9.5 degrees
2/8	06:33	74 ° 44.910N 27 ° 19.999E	End multibeam, end chirp line HH13KA-062
2/8	06:39	74 ° 44.622N 27 ° 22.031	Start chirp line HH13KA-063, start multibeam 0235
2/8	08:24	75 ° 01.173N 27 ° 57.886E	End multibeam and Chirp line HH13KA-063
2/8	08:29	75 ° 00.778N 27 ° 59.852E	Start multibeam line 0240 Chirp line HH13KA-064. Bjørnøyrenna. Wind 9m/s, temp 9 degrees
2/8	09:21	74 ° 54.039N 27 ° 44.952E	Keel lowered
2/8	10:47	74 ° 44.072N 26 ° 23.440E	End multibeam and Chirp line HH13KA-064
2/8	10:47	74 ° 44.072N 26 ° 23.440E	Start multibeam line 0246 Chirp line HH13KA-065. Bjørnøyrenna. Wind 9m/s, temp 10 degrees
2/8	15:06	73 ° 59.447N 27 ° 21.223E	End multibeam and Chirp line HH13KA-065
2/8	15:06	73 ° 59.447N 27 ° 21.223E	Start multibeam line 0246 Chirp line HH13KA-066. Bjørnøyrenna. Wind 7m/s, temp 10 degrees

2/8	16:21	73 ° 54.640N 26 ° 39.585E	CTD station 361
2/8	16:50	73 ° 54.871N 26 ° 38.641E	Start multibeam line 0246 Chirp line HH13KA-067. Bjørnøyrenna. Wind 6 m/s, temp 10 degrees
2/8	18:41	73 ° 50.360N 25 ° 33.343E	End multibeam and Chirp line HH13KA-067
2/8	18:44	73 ° 50.000N 25 ° 32.649E	Start multibeam line 0263 Chirp line HH13KA-068. Bjørnøyrenna. Transit home. Wind 5 m/s, temp 9 degrees

6.2. Core Stations on RV Helmer Hanssen July 28-4 August. 2013 Storfjordrenna, Bjørnøyrenna.

Gravity core (HH13.319-GC) was split and described. The first half was subsampled for further analyses (free “head. space” gas, grain size analysis and mineral composition) in the laboratories of the Department of Petroleum Geology and Geochemistry of the Faculty of Geology of the Moscow State University. The second half was stored in cooling room and transported to the Geological Department, University of Tromsø for further analyses.

Gravity cores (HH13.124, 126, 137, 139, 140 and 141. GC) were subsampled for free “head. space” gas immediately after core retrieval by sampling through boreholes (predrilled in gravity corer liner and covered by extra strong tape prior to coring) at 20-40cm intervals. Subsequently the cores underwent same procedures as described above.

The remaining Gravity cores were stored whole in cooling room and transported to the Geological Department, University of Tromsø for further analyses.

Station	Date	Location	Time (UTC)	Position Latitude [N] Longitude [E]	Penetration (GC)	Recovery (GC)	Water depth [m]	Comment
HH13-114- GC	30/7	Storfjordrenna	07:54	76 °03.036N 15 °59.522E	Full	310 cm	395 m	Sediments from core catcher were collected. Whole core stored

HH13-115- GC	30/7	Storfjordrenna	08:33	76 °02.988N 16 °08.851E	Full	161 cm	380 m	Sediments from core catcher were collected. Whole core stored
HH13-116- GC	30/7	Storfjordrenna	08:58	76 °03.036N 16 °08.406E	Full	434 cm	381 m	Retry of the previous. Sediments from core cutter and catcher and below core cutter were collected. Whole core stored
HH13-117- GC	30/7	Storfjordrenna	10:04	75 °57.326N 16 °19.151E	5 m	382 cm	362 m	No sediments in core cutter and core catcher. Whole core stored
HH13-118- GC	30/7	Storfjordrenna	13:19	75 °57.648N 16 °36.866E	full	345 cm	333 m	Core cutter and core catcher sampled, overconsolidated grey mud, relatively water-rich, slightly disturbed surface due to sawing . Whole core stored
HH13-119- GC	30/7	Storfjordrenna	15:58	75 °49.428N 16 °37.152E	full	391 cm	352 m	Overconsolidated, relatively water-rich sediments from core cutter and catcher and below core cutter were collected This was a test of the “holemethod”. Core halved and stored
HH13-120- GC	01/8	Bjørnøyrenna	06:52	74 °52.626N 27 °33.533E	No	0	351.78m	No samples
HH13-121- GC	01/8	Bjørnøyrenna	07:17	74 °52.566N 27 °33.507E	No	0	353m	Core catcher sampled
HH13-122- GC	01/8	Bjørnøyrenna	07:54	74 °54.053N 27 °29.400E	53cm	0	334m	Core cutter and catcher sampled.

HH13-123- GC	01/8	Bjørnøyrenna	08:24	74 °54.294N 27 °30.993E	No	0	336m	No samples
HH13-124- GC	01/8	Bjørnøyrenna	08:45	74 °54.424N 27 °30.861E	1m	51cm	335m	Core cutter and catcher sampled. Core halved and stored
HH13-125- GC	01/8	Bjørnøyrenna	09:14	74 °54.925N 27 °31.456E	No	0	336m	Core cutter sampled (Very little)

HH13-126- GC	01/8	Bjørnøyrenna	09:37	74 °54.957N 27 °31.528E	50cm	2cm	336m	Core cutter and catcher sampled. Strong smell. Core halved and stored
HH13-127- GC	01/8	Bjørnøyrenna	10:12	74 °53.525N 27 °32.294E	No	0	337.6m	Core cutter and catcher sampled. Strong smell
HH13-128- GC	01/8	Bjørnøyrenna	10:33	74 °53.527N 27 °32.257E	No	0	337.79m	Rock clasts sampled
HH13-129- GC	01/8	Bjørnøyrenna	11:09	74 °54.991N 27 °35.217E	No	0	348.75m	Core cutter sampled (very little)
HH13-130- GC	01/8	Bjørnøyrenna	11:36	74 °55.281N 27 °33.599E	No	0	330m	Core cutter sampled (very little)
HH13-131- GC	01/8	Bjørnøyrenna	12:03	74 °55.276 N 27 °33.743 E	No	0	334m	Core cutter sampled and catcher sampled (very little)
HH13-132-GC	01/8	Bjørnøyrenna	12:48	74 °55.173 N 27 °31.734 E	No	0	330m	Core cutter sampled (very little)
HH13-133-GC	01/8	Bjørnøyrenna	13:32	74 °55.585N 27 °32.357E	No	0	348	Core catcher sampled (very little)
HH13-134-GC	01/8	Bjørnøyrenna	13:53	74 ° 55.558N 27 ° 32.324E	No	0	349	Core catcher sampled (very little)
HH13-135-GC	01/8	Bjørnøyrenna	14:50	74 °56.148N 27 °39.477E	No	0	344	Core catcher sample (very little - possible bedrock)
HH13-136-GC	01/8	Bjørnøyrenna	15:37	74°57.601N 27°38.481E	1/1.5m	58	307	Core catcher and cutter sampled. Whole core sampled (5cm intervals).
HH13-137-GC	01/8	Bjørnøyrenna	16:08	74 °57.545N 27 °37.957E	1/1.5m	23	334	Core catcher and cutter . Core halved and stored
HH13-138-GC	01/8	Bjørnøyrenna	16:41	74 ° 58.757N 27 °38.886E	50cm	0	302	Core catcher and cutter
HH13-139-GC	01/8	Bjørnøyrenna	17:11	74 °58.754N 27°38.414 E	Full penetration	244cm	344	Core catcher. Core halved and stored
HH13-140-GC	02/8	Bjørnøyrenna	00:50	75 ° 11.344N 29 °16.430E	Full penetration?	24	338	Core cutter and catcher. Core halved and stored

HH13-141-GC	02/8	Bjørnøyrenna	01:39	75°12.581N 29°18.186E	1.5m	21	333	Very small amounts from core catcher/cutter . Core halved and stored
-------------	------	--------------	-------	--------------------------	------	----	-----	--

6.3. Preliminary results of the bottom sampling

Three main areas were designated for the bottom sampling during the HH13KA cruise in accordance with the main research targets of the expedition (Fig. 6):

- 1) A system of deglaciation-related lobes within the Storfjordrenna, south of Spitsbergen;
- 2) A field of densely distributed depressions in the central Barents Sea, that are probably formed due to rapid and explosive gas hydrate dissociation;
- 3) A system of NE elongated ridges on the seafloor (possible ice stream rafted mega-blocks) in Bjørnøyrenna.

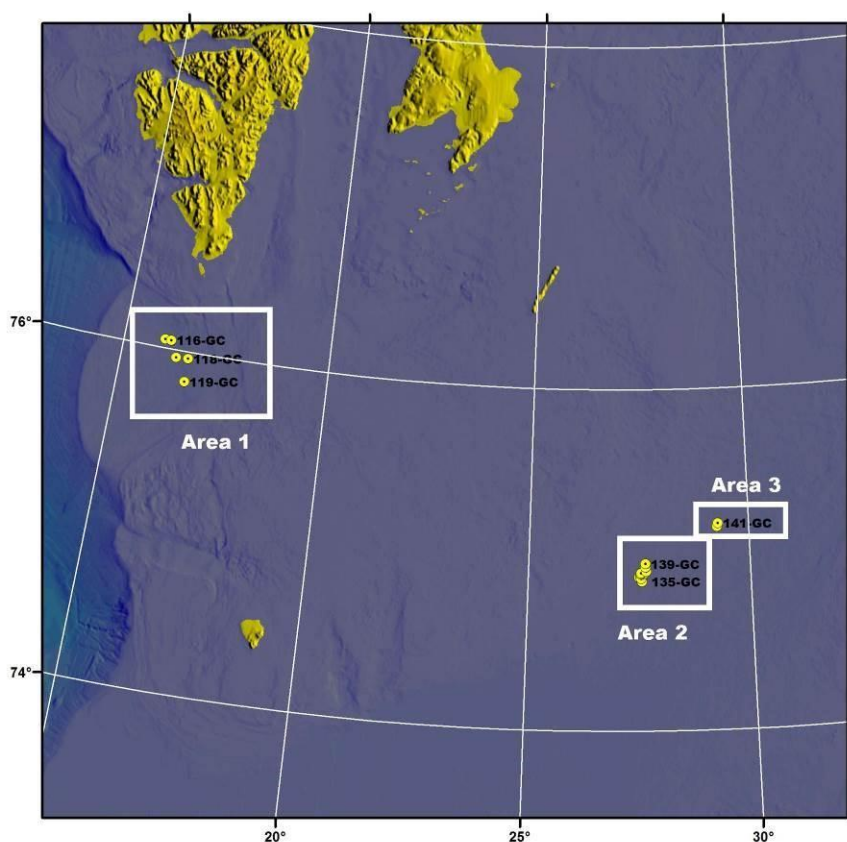


Figure 6. Location map of the bottom sampling areas in the HH13KA cruise

Area 1

Sampling stations HH13-114GC, HH13-115GC, HH13-116GC, HH13-117GC, HH13-118GC, and HH13-119GC

Five cores were taken with the aim of dating a formation of two well-expressed lobes on the seafloor, possibly related to some stage of glacier retreat in the region (Fig.2). The cores HH13-114GC and HH13117GC sampled sediments just in front of the lobes. The cores HH13-115GC, HH13-116GC and HH13118GC sampled edges of the lobes. All these cores were carefully packed without opening for further studies.

The core HH13-119GC was taken, most probably, from the very edge of the southernmost studied lobe. The recovered sediments are represented by intercalation of several intervals of clay with varying amount of rock fragments and sandy admixture (Fig. 7 **Figure**). Sediments from the upper part of the core show some indications of re-deposition of material by water flow. The lowermost part of the succession is typical till diamicton.

At the site HH13-119GC, a new method of gas subsampling from the core was tested successfully. This method was then applied at several coring locations during the cruise, allowing for an accelerated gas extraction procedure.

Area 2 (Fig.4)

Sampling stations HH13-120GC and HH13-121GC

A highly regularly shaped depression on the seafloor, in the south of study area 2, was cored in order to get material, which hopefully will shed some light on its origin.

The core HH13KA-120GC arrived almost empty. Only the core catcher contained a small amount of very dark grey, silty clay with tube worms and one fragment of well lithified rock.

The second attempt to sample this depression (the station HH13KA-121GC) was equally successful. Only small amounts of dark grey, sandy, silty clay was obtained from the core catcher.

The sampling results suggest that the sedimentary veneer is probably extremely thin in the targeted depression but that its origin still needs to be clarified.

Sampling stations HH13-122GC, HH13-123GC, HH13-124GC, HH13-125GC, HH13-126GC, HH13-127GC, and HH13-128GC

Intensive bottom sampling was undertaken in the area of very dense gas seepage on the seafloor (Figure 8, Figure 9). Focused fluid flows were distinguished and mapped with echo sounder profiling, that showed many characteristic gas flares in the water column along its lines. It is worth mentioning that identified gas flares were located not in the crated-like structures but were concentrated roughly between two main chains of them.



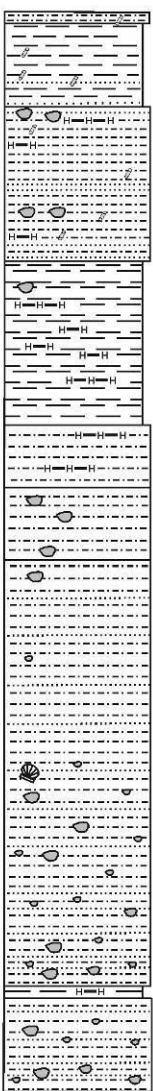
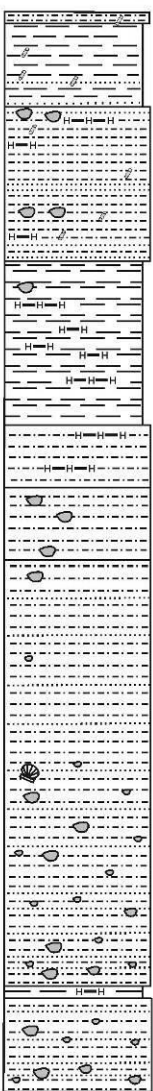
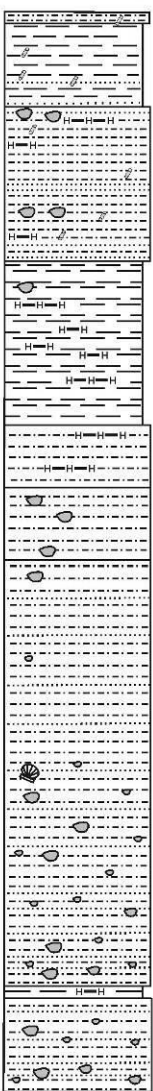
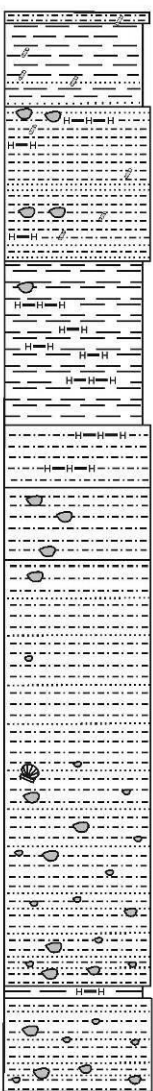
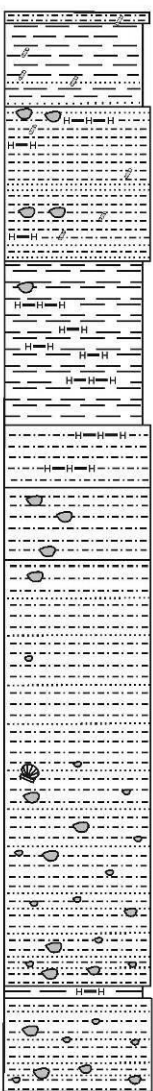
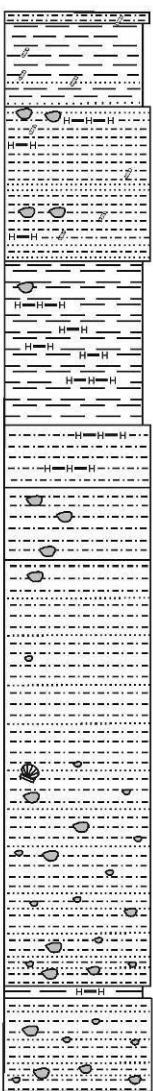
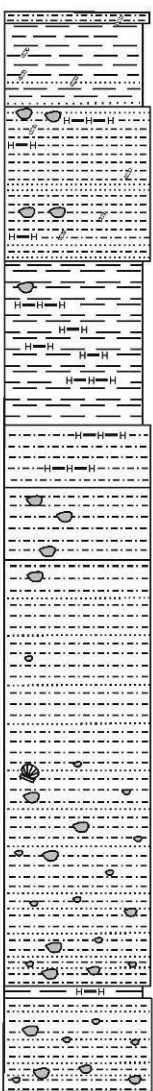
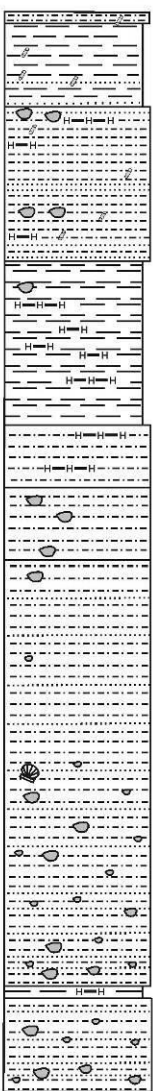
R/V Helmer Hanssen Cruise HH13KA		CORE 119 GC				
Location: Stor fjordrenna						
Latitude: 75°49.428 N	Date: 30.07.2013					
Longitude: 16°37.152 E	Recovery: 391 cm					
Water Depth: 352 m						
Depth, cm	LITHOLOGY		Colour	Section	Samples	
	Photo	Grain size CI SII F SM SC S Gr				Description
0			SILTY CLAY: 0-4 cm. Dark olive grey, unconsolidated, deformed, water saturated, soft. At the bottom of the layer occasional black tube worms are present. Lower boundary of the interval is sharp, irregular.	5Y 3/2	1	2
50			CLAY: 4-33 cm. Very dark grey less water saturated, dense, stiff, consolidated. At 14, 22, 24 cm tube worms are present. In the interval 24-26 cm and at the bottom of the layer sandy interlayers are present.	5Y 3/1		1,2
100			SILTY CLAY: 33-90 cm. Very dark grey, water saturated, creamy. At 35, 63, 85, 90 cm sandy interlayers were identified. Rock clasts 0.5, 1 cm in size were found at 35 and 72 cm. Spots of hydrotroilite are present at 49, 74, 87 cm. Tube worms are spread within whole interval. Lower boundary of the interval is sharp, planar.	5Y 2.5/1	6	1,2
150			CLAY: 90-148.5 cm. Olive grey, water saturated, creamy, less consolidated than the overlaying interval, soft, lense like laminated, with rare spots and interlayers of hydrotroilite. Rock clast 0,5 cm in size is present in the upper part of the layer. Lower boundary of the interval is transitional, planar.	5Y 4/1	2	1,2
200			SILTY CLAY: 148.5-181.5 cm. Olive grey, structure less. Occasional inclusions of more consolidated clay are present. Lower boundary of the interval is transitional, planar.	5Y 3/2		6
250			SILTY CLAY: 181.5-198 cm. Dark olive grey, with patches of more consolidated clay and 2 intraclasts (1x1; 3,5x2,5 cm). Colour becomes more dark downwards. In the interval 195-198cm lenses of more light olive gray material up to 2-2.5 cm in size. Lower boundary of the interval is transitional, planar.	5Y 3/1	3	1,2
300			SILTY CLAY: 198-355.3 cm. Dark grey, less water saturated than the overlaying interval, dense stiff. Amount of silty sandy and gravel admixture increases downwards. Rock clasts 0,5 cm in size are spread within whole interval. Several large rock clasts were found at 240 cm (1.5x1 cm), 251 cm (1x2 cm). Lower boundary of the interval is sharp, irregular.	5Y 3/1		6
350			CLAY: 355.3-361 cm. Olive grey, with silty admixture - nearly 5-7%, planar laminated, with hydrotroilite interlayer. 1-2mm thick. Lower boundary of the interval is sharp, irregular.	5Y 2.5/1	4	1,2
400			SILTY CLAY: 361-391,5 cm. Dark grey. Amount of sandy and gravel admixture increases downwards. At 77 cm and 88 cm rock clasts 2x1 and 2,5x1,5 cm are present. In the lower part many gravel sized rock clasts are present.	5Y 3/1		6
				5Y 2.5/1		6
						1,2

Figure 7. Core log of the HH13KA-119GC

Only small amount of grey clayey sediments and some rock clasts in the core catcher were recovered from nearly all of the stations, indicating a very thin sedimentary veneer and a hard bottom ground. The majority of the obtained rock fragments were collected for further analyses, which might show if they are ice-rafted material or characteristic for “outcropping” bed rocks.

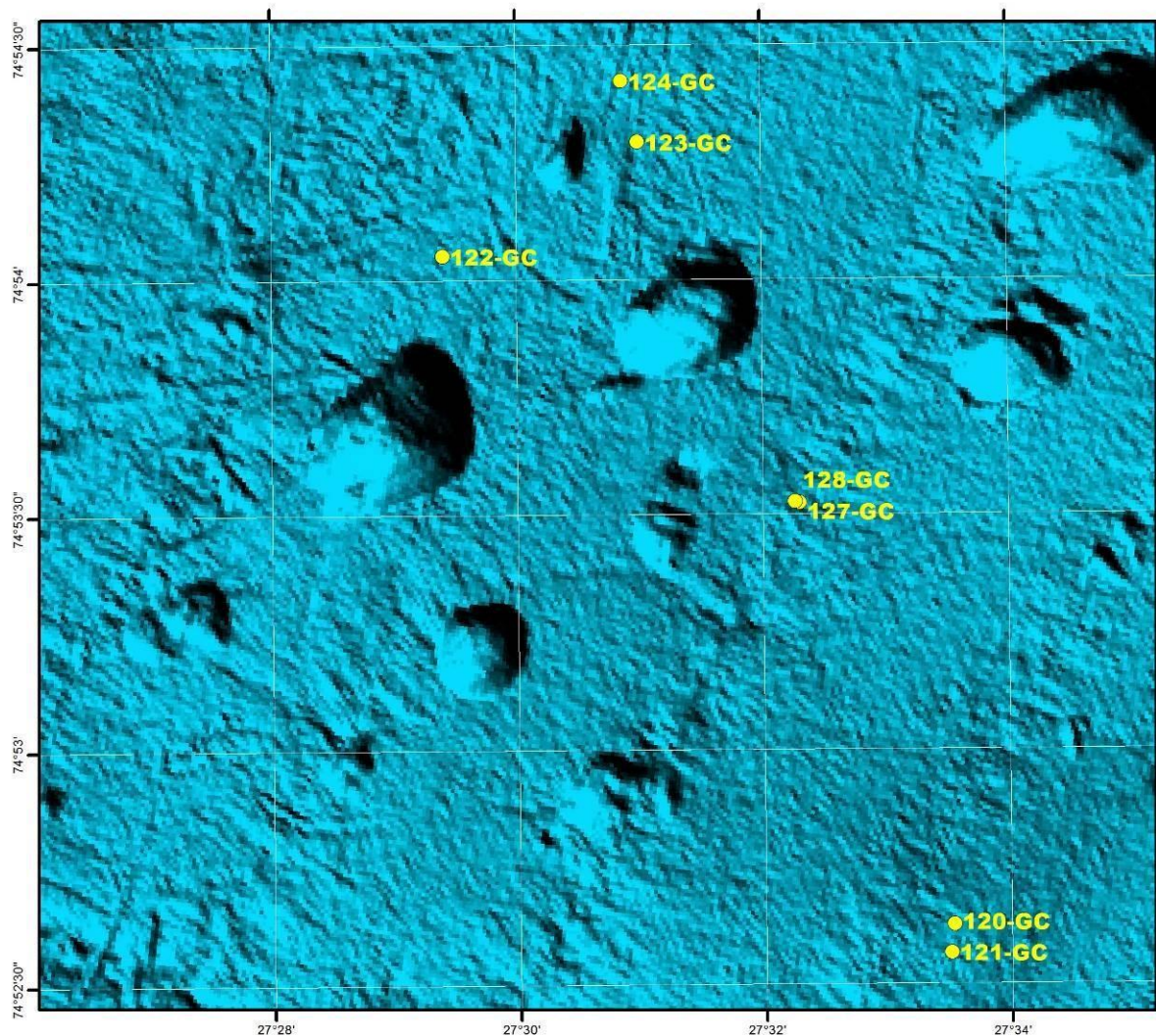


Figure 8. Some sampling site location within the area 2

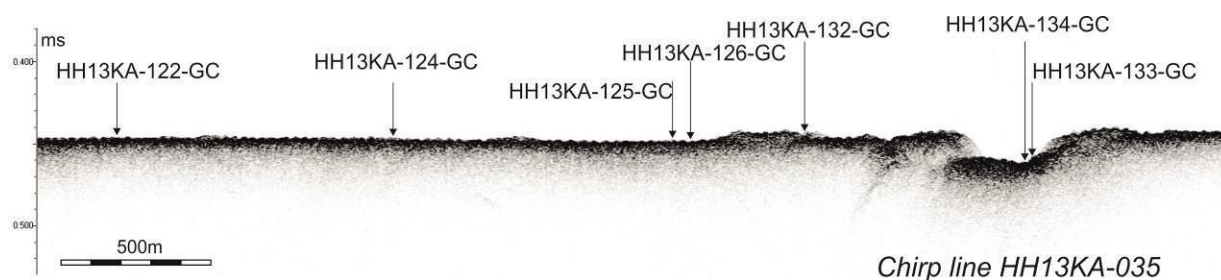


Figure 9. Location of the sampling sites on Chirp line 035

Material collected at the stations HH13-125GC, HH13-126GC, and HH13-127GC was characterized by a relatively strong odor of H_2S . Both sediments and rock fragments clearly smelled.

From this area, only at the station HH13-124GC was the recovery more than a few cm (Figure 10). It consisted of the uppermost oxidized brownish grey Holocene clay and dark grey, stiff clay with hydrotrolite lamina.

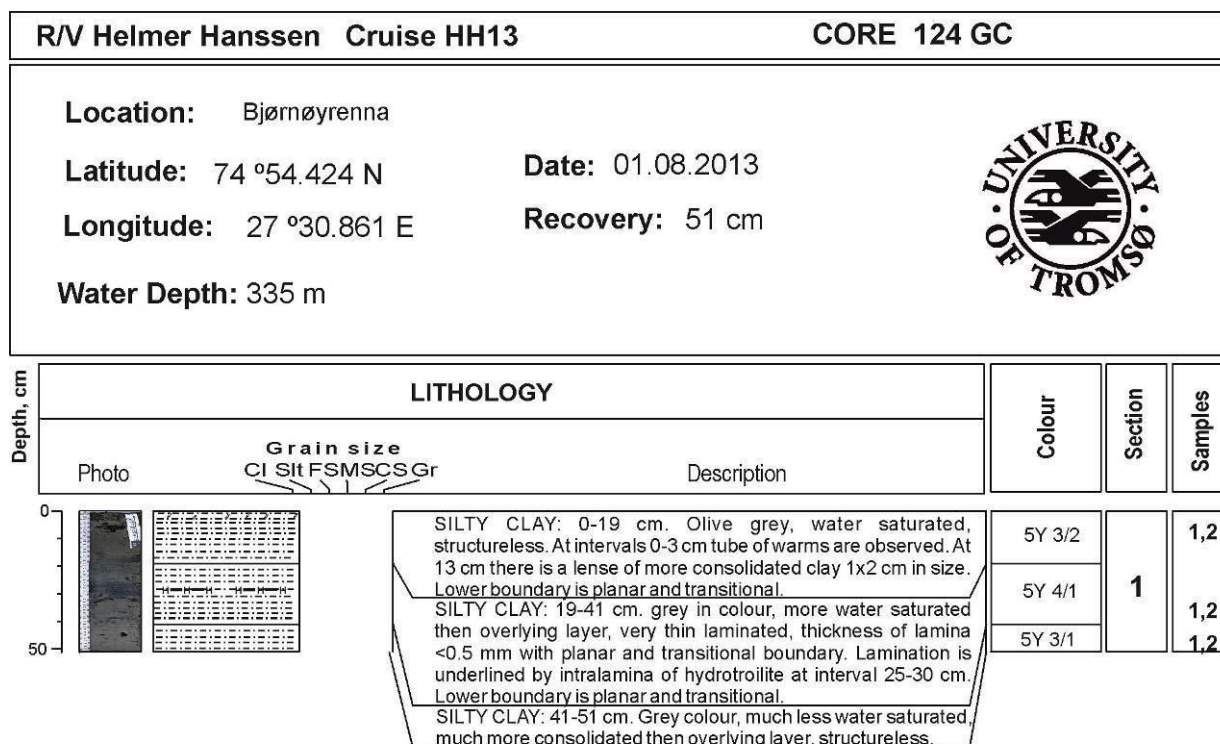


Figure 10. Core log of HH13KA-124GC

Sampling stations HH13-129GC, HH13-130GC, HH13-131GC, HH13-132GC, HH13-133GC, HH13-134GC, and HH13-135GC

A number of attempts were made to collect material from the crater-like structures, widely distributed in study area 2 (Figure 11, Figure 12). All coring attempts recovered only various rock fragments, sometimes immixed with a very small amount of sediments. The rock fragments are mainly angular in shape and often show a weathered surface. Among them, fragments of fine-grained sandstone, thin laminated marlstone and various mudstones were recognized.

The sampled crater-like structures show a quite differentiated inner morphology. Some of them are characterized by inner ridges and highs of various shapes and sizes. One crater borders with an outer, tongue-shaped (in planar view) ridge. Many of these features were sampled. However, no clear difference between the recovered material from different stations, was identified.

The sampling results imply that the craters are engraved in bed rock outcroppings on the seafloor surface. Previously mentioned, smaller-scale features inside and just outside the crater-like structures are, most probably, composed of large rock fragments of the same bed rock, transported at some distance during the crater formation.

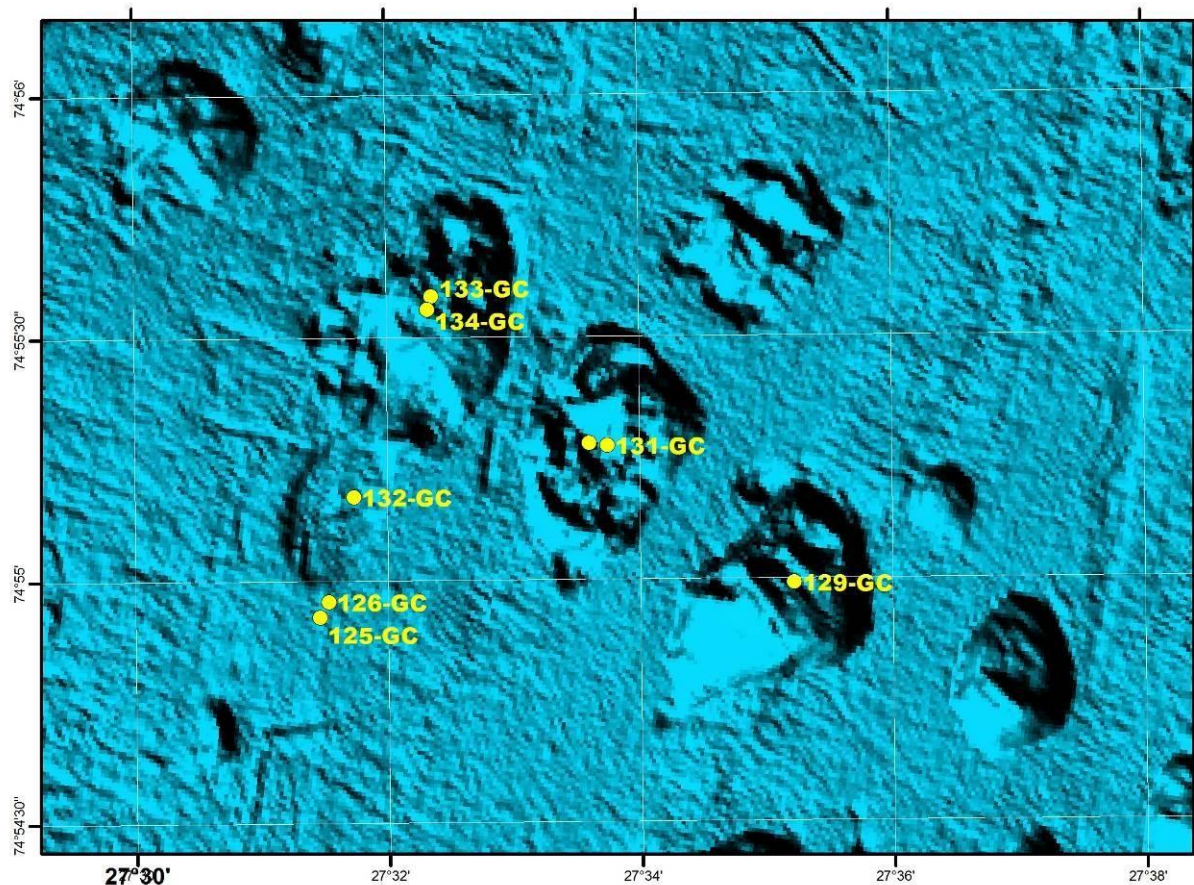


Figure 11. Sampling station location withing the area of crater-like structure dense distribution

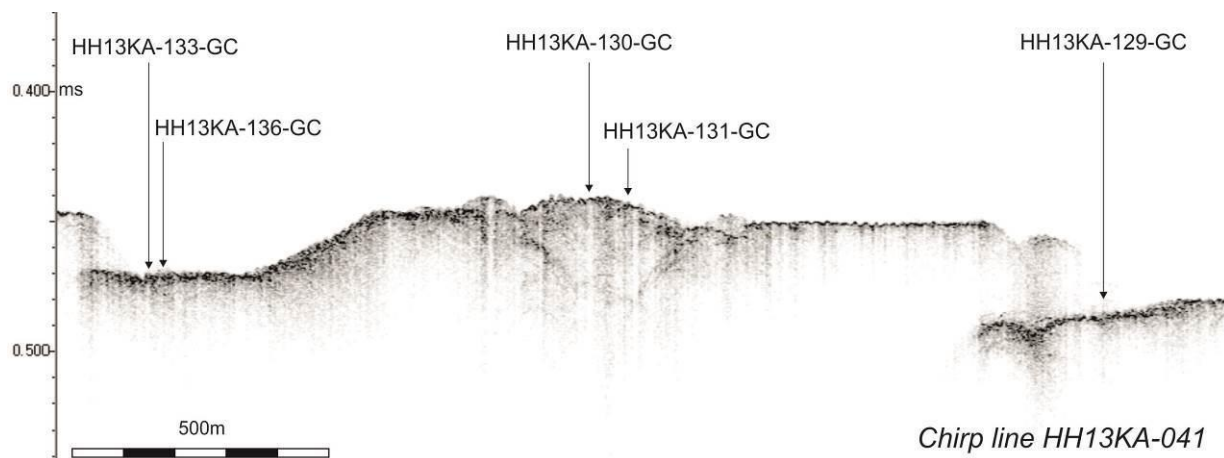


Figure 12. Location of the sampling sites on Chirp line 041

Sampling stations HH13-136GC, HH13-137GC, HH13-138GC, and HH13-139GC

The multibeam survey has allowed recognition of four structures in the north of study area 2, which are similar to each other but different from all other craters (Figure 13, Figure 14, Figure 15). These four craters are accompanied, to their eastern limits, by well-expressed, N-S elongated ridges.

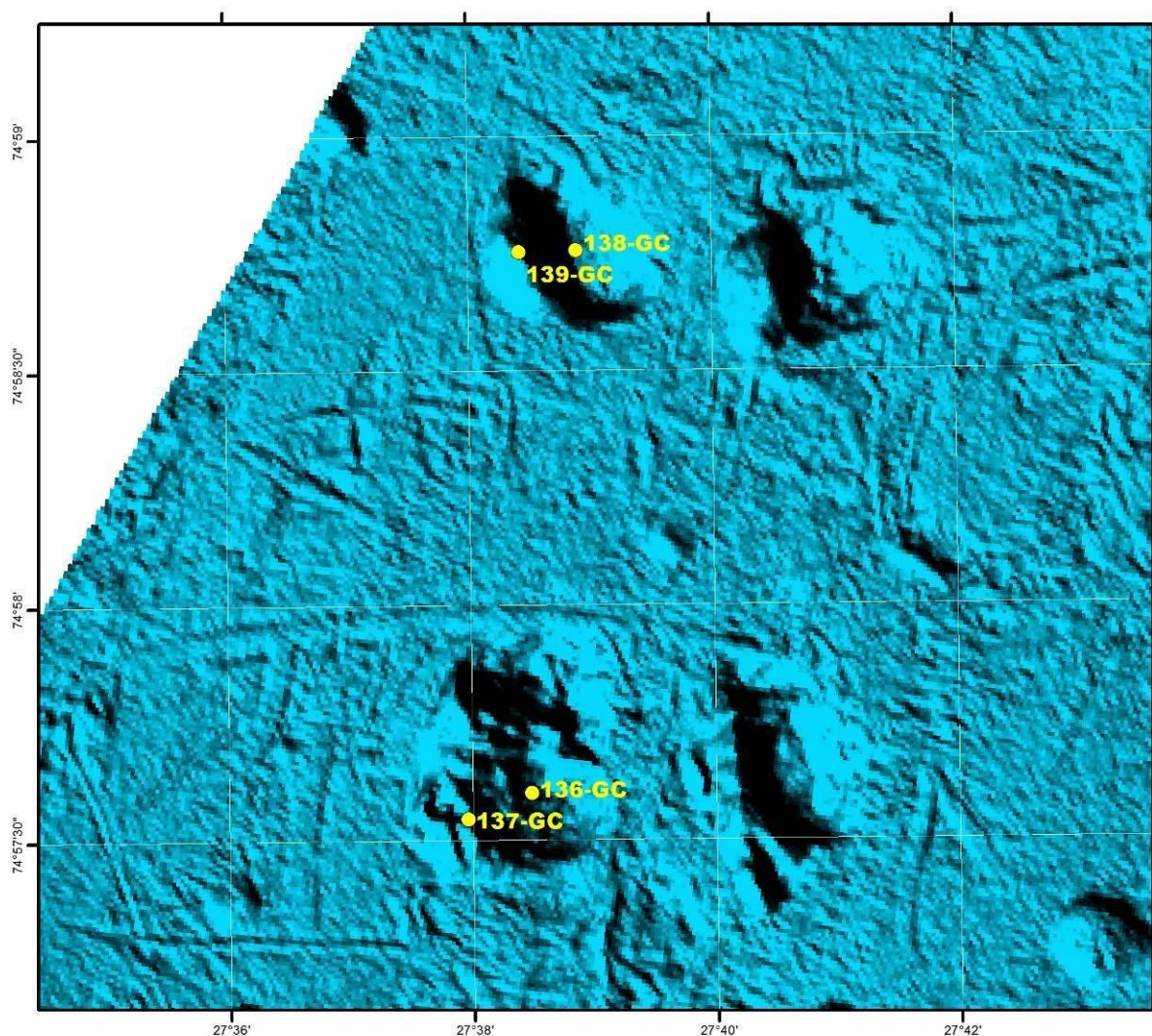


Figure 13. Sampling site location

Two of these features were chosen for bottom sampling, each of which sampled in the depression and at the most elevated point of the accompanying ridge.

At both the station HH13-136GC (from the ridge) and HH13-137GC (from the depression), collected from the southern structure, the cores consisted of stiff silty clay with many angular rock fragments (till diamicton), overlaid by a hydrotrolite-rich interval of less condensed clay and on top of that a brown, oxidized, Holocene, silty clay (Figure 16, Figure 17).

The core HH13-138GC sampled the ridge of the northern structure. It recovered only a small amount of sediment and some angular rock fragments in the core catcher. Overall the recovered material looked quite similar to till deposits mixed with Holocene clay.

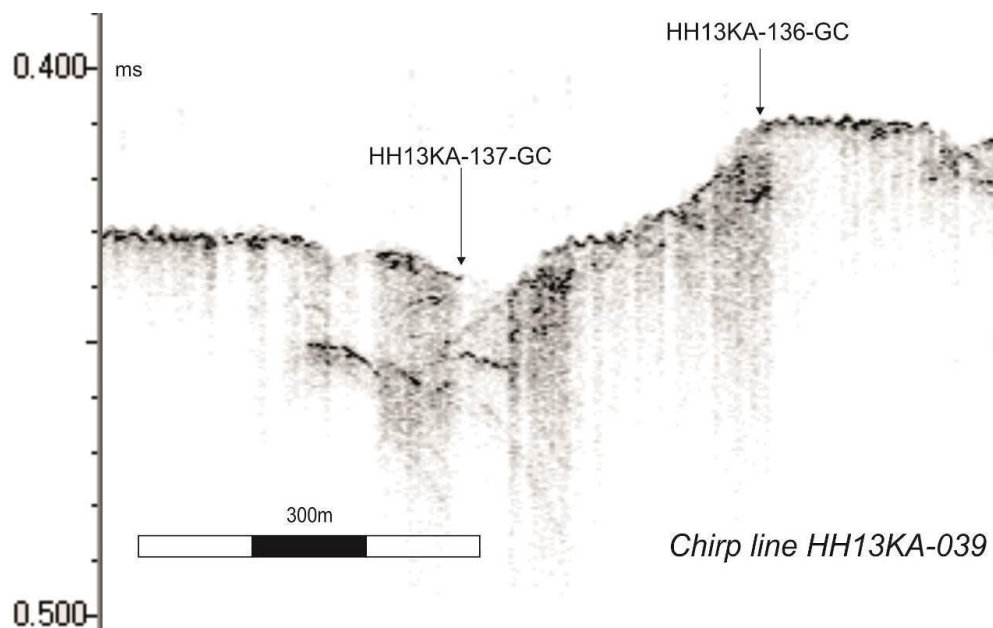


Figure 14. Location of sampling sites on Chirp line 039

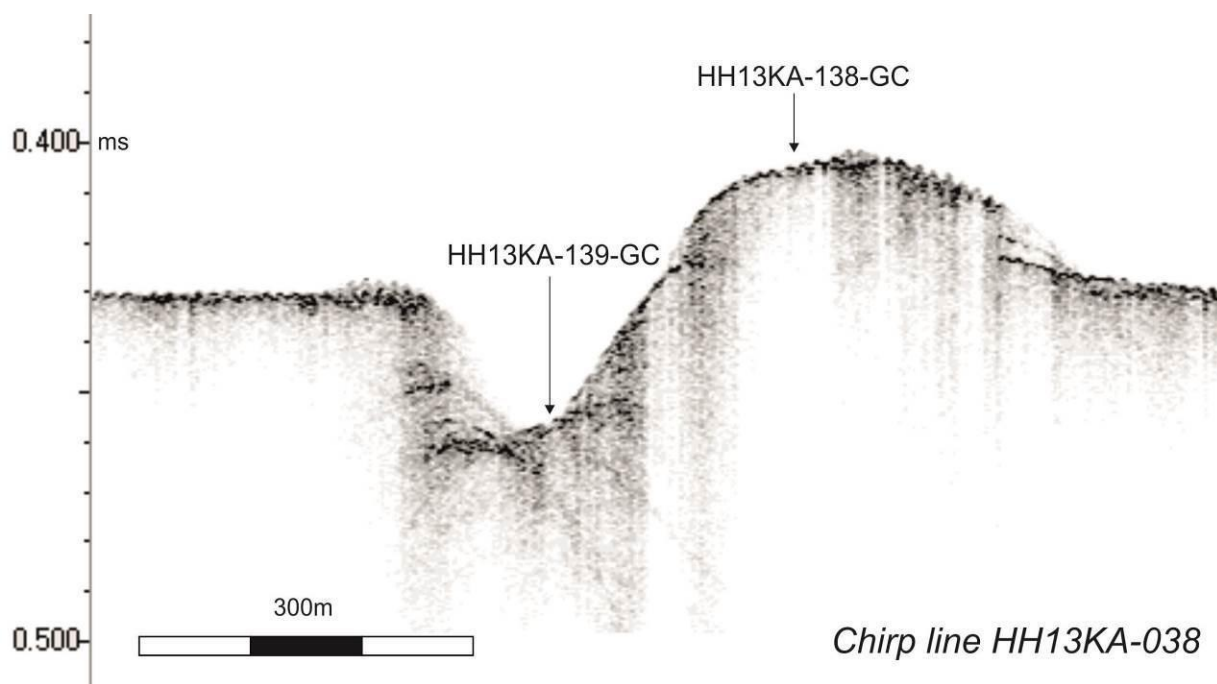


Figure 15. Location of sampling sites on Chirp line 038

The core HH13-139GC got a surprisingly a long recovery – 244 cm (Figure 18). The uppermost and lowermost intervals of the core were very similar to those from the station HH13-137GC. They consisted of Holocene, brown, silty clay and till diamicton, stiff clay like typically found in other cores from the area. This particular core was interlayered, unlike the others, with a very thick interval of almost homogeneous and well sorted, grey clay. Most probably, this interval was deposited by some kind of gravity flow within a relatively short period of time or even as result of one single sedimentary event (e.g. turbidite, slide deposit). However, it is not clear where this large amount of material could possibly come from, particularly in this area which all previous sampling showed, is characterized almost by a lack of soft sediments.

R/V Helmer Hanssen Cruise HH13		CORE 136 GC	
Location:	Bjørnøyrenna		
Latitude:	74°57.601' N	Date:	01.08.2013
Longitude:	27°38.481' E	Recovery:	58 cm
Water Depth:	307 m		



Depth, cm	LITHOLOGY			Colour	Section	Samples	
	Photo	Grain size CI Silt FMSCS Gr	Description				
0		SILTY, SANDY CLAY: 0-1 cm. Dark olive grey, water saturated, creamy, soft, unconsolidated. Occasional rock clasts angular in shape with maximum size 1.5x1.5 cm. Boundary is irregular and transitional.	5Y 3/1	1	1	1	
10		SILTY CLAY: 1-47 cm. Dark olive grey, more consolidated, less water saturated, stiff, dense. At the level 10 cm sandy interlayers 2 cm in thickness. Within the whole interval occasional tubes of worms. The structure of the sediments is planar laminated with lamina of hydrotroilite. Boundary is irregular.	5Y 3/2				1,2
40							1
50		SILTY CLAY: 47-58 cm. Dark olive grey, consolidated, medium water saturated, soft. Large amount of rock clasts, angular in shape, 1x1 cm in size, were observed.	5Y 3/2				2

Figure 16. Core log HH13KA-136GC

R/V Helmer Hanssen Cruise HH13KA		CORE 137 GC	
Location:	Bjørnøyrenna		
Latitude:	74°57.545' N	Date:	1.08.2013
Longitude:	27°37.957' E	Recovery:	22 cm
Water Depth:	334 m		



Depth, cm	LITHOLOGY			Color	Section	Samples	
	Photo	Grain size CI Silt FMSCS Gr	Description				
0		SILTY CLAY: 0-14 cm. Very dark grey, stiff, dense, consolidated. Spots of hydrotroilite, 0.5 cm, in size are occurred within the whole interval. Lower boundary is transitional.	5Y 3/1	1	1	1	
10							2
20		SILTY CLAY: 14-22 cm. Very dark grey, more water saturated, soft. Hydrotroilite spots are observed within the whole interval. At he interval 18-22 cm rock clasts 4 x 2.5 cm in size, and also shell debris were observed.	5Y 3/1				

Figure 17. Core log HH13KA-137GC

Area 3

Sampling stations HH13-140GC and HH13-141GC

Several NW elongated, narrow and sub-parallel ridges with relatively flat tops were mapped with multi-beam in study area 3 (Fig. 5). The topmost part of two those ridges was cored (Figure 19) in order to validate the assumption that they could be ice rafted mega-blocks, continuing a chain of such structures known from the south-west.

Only a short recovery of mainly stiff, grey clay with many angular rock clasts, overlain by brown Holocene, silty clayey sediments was obtained at both sites, leaving the question about the origin of these ridges still open (Figure 20, Figure 21).


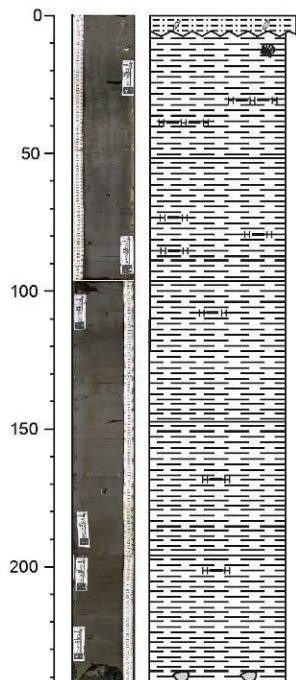
R/V Helmer Hanssen Cruise HH13KA		CORE 139 GC				
Location: Bjørnøyrenna						
Latitude: 74°58.754' N	Date: 1.08.2013					
Longitude: 27°38.414' E	Recovery: 244 cm					
Water Depth: 344 m						
Depth, cm	LITHOLOGY			Color	Section	Samples
	Photo	Grain size Cl Silt FMSMSCS Gr	Description			
0		SILTY CLAY: 0-6 cm. Olive in colour. Upper 1 cm sediments extremely soupy. Oxidized layer, water saturated, soft, with patches of oxide, and also tubes of worms are occurred.	5Y 4/1	1	2	
50		CLAY: 6-51 cm. Dark olive grey, less water saturated, creamy and consolidated. At the top of the layer fragment of shell white in colour with size 1.5x1 cm. Within the whole interval interlayers of hydrotroilite were observed.	5Y 3/2		1	
		CLAY: 51-96 cm. Very dark grey, very soft and creamy, with massive structure. At the interval 72-74 cm interlayers of hydrotroilite underline planar structure.	5Y 3/1		2	
100		CLAY: 96-151cm. Very dark grey, softy, water saturated and consolidated. At the level 12 cm patches of hydrotroilite are observed. Boundary is irregular, underlying interval is distinguished because it is more consolidated.	5Y 3/1	2	1	
150		CLAY: 151-196 cm. Very dark grey, dense, more consolidated, creamy and water saturated. At the level 69 cm from the top of the section thin interlayer of the hydrotroilite.	5Y 3/1		1,2	
200		CLAY: 196-244 cm. Very dark grey, consolidated, dense and stiff. At the level 5 cm obscure interlayers of hydrotroilite are found. At the bottom of the section rock clasts are observed, angular in shape, with sizes 1x0.5 cm.	5Y 3/1	3	2 1 2	

Figure 18. Core log HH13KA-139GC

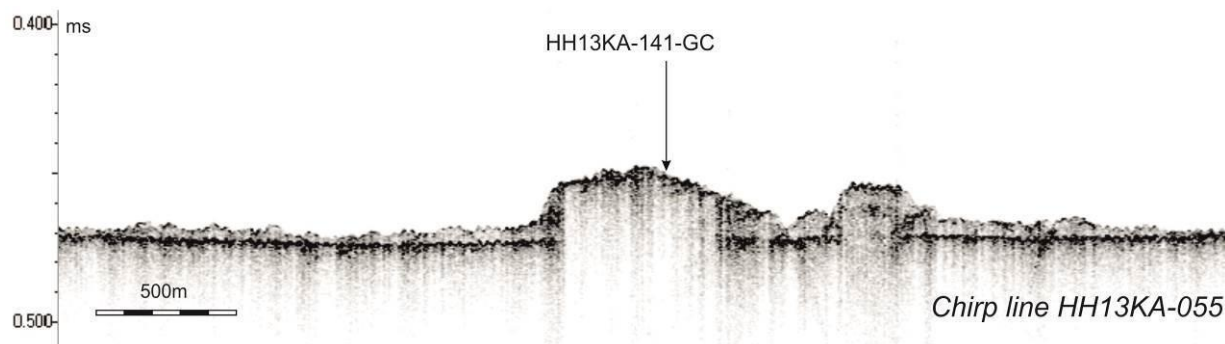


Figure 19. Location of the sampling site on Chirp line 055


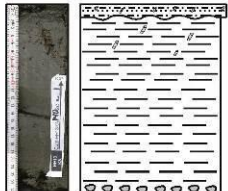
R/V Helmer Hanssen Cruise HH13		CORE 140 GC				
Location: Bjørnøyrenna		Date: 02.08.2013				
Latitude: 75 °11.344' N		Recovery: 24 cm				
Longitude: 29 °18.186' E						
Water Depth: 338 m						
Depth, cm	LITHOLOGY			Colour	Section	Samples
	Photo	Grain size Cl Silt FMSMSCSGr	Description			
0		SILTY CLAY: 0-2 cm. Olive in colour. Sediments are with sandy admixture, soupy, water saturated. Occasional tubes of worms. Boundary is irregular.		5Y 4/3	1	2
5		CLAY: 2-24 cm. Olive grey in colour. (Diamicton) Less water saturated, stiff and dense, consolidated. In the interval 5-6 cm oxidized patches and tubes of worms are found. Also black tubes are observed too. The bottom interval of the section contains rock clasts, angular in shape, 1x1 cm size.		5Y 4/2		2
10						
15						
20						

Figure 20. Core log HH13KA-140GC


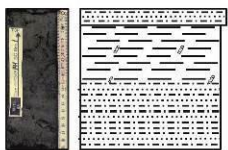
R/V Helmer Hanssen Cruise HH13		CORE 141 GC				
Location: Bjørnøyrenna		Date: 0.08.2013				
Latitude: 75 °12.581' N		Recovery: 21 cm				
Longitude: 29 °18.186' E						
Water Depth: 333 m						
Depth, cm	LITHOLOGY			Colour	Section	Samples
	Photo	Grain size Cl Silt FMSMSCSGr	Description			
0		SILTY CLAY: 0-1,5 cm. Olive colour. Sediments are with sandy admixture, extremely soupy, with tubes of worms.		5Y 4/3	1	2
5		CLAY: 1,5-9 cm. Olive in colour, stiff, dense, consolidated, less water saturated, with massive structure. Occasional tubes of worms.		5Y 4/3		2
10		SILTY CLAY: 9-21 cm. Dark grey in colour, with sandy admixture, which downwards the layer increases. More consolidated.		5Y 4/3		
15						

Figure 21. Core log HH13KA-141GC

6.3. Linelog on RV Helmer Hanssen July 28 – 4th August. 2013 Storfjordrenna, Bjørnøyrenna

Line name	Date	Location	Start (UTC)	Start Latitude North	Start Longitude East	End (UTC)	End Latitude North	End Longitude East	MB Line Count	Shot rate [sec]	Pulse mode Chirp	Ship's speed [kn]	Comments
Geo8144_064(?)	28/07	Transit Lyb-Storfjordrenna	19:20	78°13.7	15°35.0	07:55	76°20.886	16°08.059	??-352	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Transit to work area in Storfjorden
HH13KA000	29/07	Transit Lyb-Storfjordrenna	08:08	76°19.020	16°13.592	08:27	76°16.302	16°22.266	0000-0001	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Transit to work area in Storfjorden (New project start)
HH13KA001	29/07	Storfjordrenna	08:42	76°14.019	16°25.738	10:11	76°01.232	16°53.771	0002-0006	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Storfjorden
HH13KA002	29/07	Storfjordrenna	10:15	76°01.558	16°53.630	11:31	75°58.199	16°05.895	0008-0011	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Storfjorden
HH13KA003	29/07	Storfjordrenna	12:10	75°58.368	16°08.700	13:17	76°02.107	16°51.063	0013-0015	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	9	Storfjorden
HH13KA004	29/07	Storfjordrenna	13:23	76°02.599	16°49.261	13:58	76°00.594	16°25.756	0017-0019	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Storfjorden
HH13KA005	29/7	Storfjordrenna	14:07	76°00.955	16°23.108	14:44	76°03.666	16°46.641	0020-0021	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Storfjorden
HH13KA006	29/7	Storfjordrenna	15:10	76°04.458	16°44.475	16:53	75°56.695	15°37.168	0023-0026	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Storfjorden
HH13KA007	29/7	Storfjordrenna	16:59	75°57.405	15°37.247	18:46	76°05.293	16°45.282	0028-0032	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Storfjorden
HH13KA008	29/7	Storfjordrenna	18:51	76°05.665	16°43.671	20:30	75°58.682	15°42.198	0033-0037	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Storfjorden
HH13KA009	29/7	Storfjordrenna	20:38	75°59.136	15°40.576	21:48	76°04.463	16°26.910	0038-0043	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Storfjorden

HH13KA010	29/7	Storfjordrenna	22:19	76 °04.360	16 °26.363	22:43	76 °06.213	16 °42.167	0043-0044	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Storfjorden
HH13KA011	29/7	Storfjordrenna	22:46	76 °06.672	16 °41.585	00:30	75 °59.511	15 °38.452	0045-0048	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Storfjorden

Airgun: MiniGI (15/15 cu inch), ca 0.5 l, shotrate 3s, towed 35 meters behind vessel at 2m water depth

Subbottom profiler: Edgetech hullmount chirp 4x4 transducer array, freq.range 1.5-9kHz, 4kW, shot rate 1s.

Multibeam: Kongsberg EM300, 32 kHz.

HH13KA012	29/7	Storfjordrenna	00:37	76 °00.219	15 °38.256	02:14	76 ° 07411	16 ° 41377	0050-0054	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Storfjorden
HH13KA013	30/7	Storfjordrenna	02:18	76 °07.819	16 ° 40.017	03:36	76 ° 02212	15 ° 49 833	0055-0058	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Storfjorden
HH13KA014	30/7	Storfjordrenna	03:39	76 °02.593	15° 49.031	04:38	76 ° 06.904	16 ° 25.166	0059-0061	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Storfjorden
HH13KA015	30/7	Storfjordrenna	04:44	76°07.183	16°21.758	05:28	76 °04.124	15 °54.104	0062-64	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Storfjorden
HH13KA016	30/7	Storfjordrenna	05:32	76 °04.699	15 °54.075	06:00	76 °06.681	16 °10.826	0065-66	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Storfjorden
HH13KA017	30/7	Storfjordrenna	06:02	76 °07.075	16 °09.050	06:29	76 °05.213	15 °51.790	0067-0068	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Storfjorden
HH13KA018	30/7	Storfjordrenna	06:33	76 °05.601	15 °46.319	06:54	76 °05.697	16 °01.902	0068-0072	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Storfjorden
HH13KA019	30/7	Storfjordrenna	06:56	76 °06.681	16 °01.881	07:22	76 °03.081	15 °59.597	0073-0075	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Storfjorden
HH13KA020	30/7	Storfjordrenna	08:06	76 °03.209	16 °00.627	08:25	76 °02.899	16 °08.511	0077-0078	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Storfjorden
HH13KA021	30/7	Storfjordrenna	09:14	76 °03.058	16 °08.196	09:58	75 °57.248	16 °19.087	0080-0082	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Storfjorden
HH13KA022	30/7	Storfjordrenna	10:24	75 °57.672	16 °18.669	10:34	75 °56.877	16 °22.499	0084-0085	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Storfjorden
HH13KA023	30/7	Storfjordrenna	10:34	75 °56.877	16 °22.499	10:44	75 °57.023	16 °23.138	0086-0087	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Storfjorden
HH13KA024	30/7	Storfjordrenna	10:44	75 °57.023	16 °23.138	10:50	75 °57.012	16 °26.256	0088-0089	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Storfjorden
HH13KA025	30/7	Storfjordrenna	10:50	75 °57.012	16 °26.256	11:41	75 °59.521	16 °59.868	0090-0092	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Storfjorden
HH13KA026	30/7	Storfjordrenna	11:50	75 °58.339	17 °02.127	12:35	75 °56.348	16 °32.177	0093-0095	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Storfjorden
HH13KA027	30/7	Storfjordrenna	13:08	75°57.801	16°37.117	13:26	75 °57.648	16 °36.866	--	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Storfjorden
HH13KA028	30/7	Storfjordrenna	13:59	75°56.537	16°32.995	14:39	75 °52.349	16 °51.678	0096-0098 (take out 0097)	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Storfjorden

HH13KA029	30/7	Storfjordrenna	14:40	75 °52.188	16 °51.466	15:20	75 °49.330	16 °24.913	0100-0101	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Storfjorden
HH13KA030	30/7	Storfjordrenna	15:27	75 °49.245	16 °28.437	16:06	75 °49.496	16 °37.17	0103	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Storfjorden
HH13KA031	30/7	Transit	16:36	75 °49.444	16 °38.317	09:44	75 °04.857	27 °55.091	0105-0141	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Transit to Bjørnøyrenna

HH13KA032	31/7	Bjørnøyrenna	10:20	75 °05.172	27 °56.092	12:32	74 °45.739	27 °14.216	0143-0147	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna
HH13KA033	31/7	Bjørnøyrenna	12:36	74 °45.553	27 °16.181	14:50	75 °03.521	27 °58.076	0149-0153	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna
HH13KA034	31/7	Bjørnøyrenna	14:54	75 °04.089	27 °59.438	16:59	74 °45.476	27 °18.672	0155-0159	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna
HH13KA035	31/7	Bjørnøyrenna	17:13	74 °46.436	27 °12.831	19:22	75 °04.871	27 °53.578	0162-0167	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna
HH13KA036	31/7	Bjørnøyrenna	19:27	75 °05.055	27 °51.746	21:35	74 °46.515	27 °10.728	0168-0172	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna
HH13KA037	31/7	Bjørnøyrenna	21:56	74 °47.305	26 °47.116	23:14	74 °54.056	27 °35.27	0173-0177	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna
HH13KA038	1/8	Bjørnøyrenna	00:15	74 ° 58.814	27 ° 34.307	00:59	74 °58.687	27 °46.410	0180-0182	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna seismic
HH13KA039	1/8	Bjørnøyrenna	01:15	74 ° 59.082	27 ° 46.127	01:15	74 °57.443	27 °29.803	0183-0185	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna seismic
HH13KA040	1/8	Bjørnøyrenna	02:19	74 ° 57.580	27 ° 31.060	03:15	74 °55.234	27 °44.878	0186-0188	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna seismic
HH13KA041	1/8	Bjørnøyrenna	03:39	74 ° 54.042	27 ° 41.048	04:39	74 ° 56.766	27 ° 26.313	0189-0191	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna seismic
HH13KA042	1/8	Bjørnøyrenna	04:47	74 ° 56.736	27 ° 27.482	06:05	74 ° 50.712	27 ° 36.361	0192-0195	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna seismic
HH13KA043	1/8	Bjørnøyrenna	06:28	74 ° 50.712	27 ° 26.313	06:46	74 ° 52.550	27 ° 33.374	0196-0197	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna, transit to core station HH13KA120-GC, HH13KA-121-GC
HH13KA044	1/8	Bjørnøyrenna	08:11	74 ° 54.188	27 ° 29.281	08:30	74 ° 54.302	27 ° 30.701	0199-0200	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna, transit to core station HH13KA123-GC

HH13KA045	1/8	Bjørnøyrenna	08:38	74 ° 54.376	27 ° 30.861	09:29	74 ° 55.011	27 ° 31.635	0201-0203	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna, core station HH13KA124-GC transit to core station HH13KA-125-GC
HH13KA046	1/8	Bjørnøyrenna	09:31	74 ° 54.970	27 ° 31.559	10:47	74 ° 53.523	27 ° 32.483	--	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	core station HH13KA-126-GC, HH13KA-127-GC, HH13KA-128-GC
HH13KA047	1/8	Bjørnøyrenna	10:47	74 ° 53.523	27 ° 32.483	11:46	74 ° 55.345	27 ° 33.488	--	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna, transit to core

													station HH13-129-GC, HH13-130-GC
HH13KA048	1/8	Bjørnøyrenna	11:46	74 ° 55.345	27 ° 33.488	12:13	74 ° 55.312	27 ° 33.962	--	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna core station HH13KA-131
HH13KA049	1/8	Bjørnøyrenna	12:29	74 ° 55.180	27 ° 31.784	13:02	74 ° 55.252	27 ° 31.677	--	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna core station HH13KA-132
HH13KA050	1/8	Bjørnøyrenna	13:08	74 ° 55.441	27 ° 32.109	14:07	74 ° 55.622	27 ° 31.702	--	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna core station HH13KA-133 HH13KA-134
HH13KA051	1/8	Bjørnøyrenna	14:08	74 ° 55.620	27 ° 31.653	15:04	74 ° 56.152	27 ° 39.521	--	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna core station HH13KA-135
HH13KA052	1/8	Bjørnøyrenna	15:05	74 ° 56.116	27 ° 39.890	16:16	75 ° 57.638	27 ° 38.286	--	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna core station HH13KA-136 HH13KA-137
HH13KA053	1/8	Bjørnøyrenna	16:17	74 ° 57.664	27 ° 38.334	17:20	74 ° 58.853	27 ° 38.682	--	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna core station HH13KA-138 HH13KA-139
HH13KA054	1/8	Bjørnøyrenna	17:32	74 ° 59.256	27 ° 42.365	19:05	75 ° 03.017	28 ° 42.519	0204-0205	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna

HH13KA055	1/8	Bjørnøyrenna	19:33	75 °03.452	28°41.933	21:04	75 °14.274	29°25.320	0206-0209	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna
HH13KA056	1/8	Bjørnøyrenna	21:09	75 °14.489	29°23.398	22:08	75 °07.917	28°56.886	0211-213	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna
HH13KA057	1/8	Bjørnøyrenna	22:16	75 °08.484	28°55.731	23:11	75 °15.090	29°23.181	0214-0216	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna
HH13KA058	1/8-2/8	Bjørnøyrenna	23:41	75°14.073	29°28.138	00:18	75 °10.021	29°11.624	0217-0221	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna
HH13KA059	2/8	Bjørnøyrenna	00:31	75°11.219	29°15.955	02:03	75 °11.311	29°16.798	Em off	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna
HH13KA060	2/8	Bjørnøyrenna	02:03	75 ° 11.311	29°16.798	03:09	75 ° 03.255	28 ° 44.084	0223-	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna, Multibeam off at first, logging from 02:10
HH13KA061	2/8	Bjørnøyrenna	03:12	75 ° 03.255	28 ° 44.084	04:20	75 ° 03.901	28 ° 01.661	0226-0228	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna

HH13KA062	2/8	Bjørnøyrenna	04:20	75 ° 03.901	28 ° 01.661	06:33	74 ° 44.910	27 ° 19.999	0229-234	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna
HH13KA063	2/8	Bjørnøyrenna	06:39	74 ° 44.622	27 ° 22.031	08:24	75 ° 01.173	27 ° 57.886	0235-0239	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna
HH13KA064	2/8	Bjørnøyrenna	08:29	75 ° 00.778	27 ° 59.852				0240-	1	1.5-9khz,40ms	10	Bjørnøyrenna